The Columbian
AND
Bloomsburg Democrat.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE
COURT HOUSE, BLOOMSBURG, PA., BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Terms--Two Dollars a Year payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING

of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

VOLUME VI. --- NO. 46. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1872. COL. DEM. --- VOL. XXXVI -- NO. 39.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50 three insertions, $2.00

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3w.	6	1y.
One inch	$2 50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10,00
Two inches	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	60.00
One column	30.00	36.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Executor's or Administrator's Notice, $3,00
Auditor's or Assignee's Notice, $2,50.

Local notices, twenty cents a line.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $2,00 per year for the first two lines, and $1 00for each additional line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—WILLIAM ELWELL.
Associate Judges—ISAAC DERR, ISAAC S. MONROE.
Prothonotary, &c.—RUDOLPH H. RINGLER.
Register & Recorder—WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
District Attorney—JAMES REYNOLDS, JR.
Sheriff—AARON SMITH.
Surveyor—ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer—WILLIAM LAMON.
Commissioners—CYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. REESER, WILLIAM SHAFFER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Auditors—C. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES CONNER.
Coroner—CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCNALL.
County Superintendent—WM. H. SNYDER.
Bloom Poor District—Directors, S. H. MILLER WILLIAM KEAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON IKELER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. S. GROTZ, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TOWN, Cashier.
Columbian County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—P. H. LITTLE, Pres't, C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—WM. PEARCE, Pres't, J. B. ROBISON, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—I. J. ELWELL, Pres't, C. G. BARKLEY, Sec'y.

Church Directory.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sabbath Services—A. M., 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.
Sabbath School—9 A. M.
Prayer Meeting—Wednesday, 7½ P. M.
Seats free; no pews rented; strangers welcome.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., above American House.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker and dealer in fine Gold and Silver Jewelry, Main st., above Market.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old Post Office.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main st., below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician, Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. R. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

DR. A. L. TURNER, Physician and Surgeon, office over Klein's Drug Store, residence one door below Rev. D. J. Waller.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, south-east corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent, Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, south-west corner Main and Iron sts.

KNOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

G. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemlerlin's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, White and Fancy Tanner, and dealer in Ice, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. B. Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbander Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

C. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Buck Horn.

M. & C. W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise

Orangeville Directory.

D. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Boar M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel,

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayburst Grain Cradle. Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Stovemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
☞Orders will receive prompt attention. may 10,67-tf.

HARVEY B. WALKER,
WITH
MEAR, SCHROPP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No 48 NORTH SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞Original assorted packages of Queensware constantly on hand. feb25'72-ly.

Business Cards.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67,

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE above Hower's Store, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. F. EYERLY
Has entered into the Law and Collection business with John G. Freeze, Es q., Attorney at Law, office in Brower's Building, Main Street Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15th, 1872.-tf.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store,
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A call is requested.
Jan 1'71

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 297.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY,
go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done. jan 1'71—tf

VULCAN WORKS,
DANVILLE PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW,
Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Rollers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied.
oct27'71-1y.

BERNHARD STOHNER
Would inform his friends and the public that he has taken possession of
THE OLD STAND,
in the Exchange Block, so long occupied by him and will carry on the business of a
FIRST-CLASS BAKERY.
He brings to the business an experience of many years and assures the community that he will furnish the best of bread, cakes, rolls, biscuit, &c., fresh every day. He proposes also to keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of
FINE CONFECTIONERY,
of all grades. French candies and those of domestic manufacture, always to be had, wholesale and retail at lowest rates. Adjoining the Bakery and Confectionery is a well established
RESTAURANT,
where may be found Ale and Lager, and Refreshments, Oysters in season and the various little delicacies which suit the public taste. There is also a
FINE ICE CREAM SALOON,
over the confectionery store, where ladies and gentlemen can obtain the best of Ice Cream in season.
A fair share of the public custom is requested and no pains will be spared to ensure satisfaction april 26,'72-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.
CHRIS. A. KLEIM
Having purchased the business of E. P. Lane now offers at the old stand, a choice assortment of
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY SOAPS,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.
And a general assortment of the choicest goods usually found in first class establishments.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded.
On Sundays, open from 8 a. m., to 10 a. m., and from 2 p. m., to 4 p. m.
GERMAN AND ENGLISH SPOKEN.
feb 9'72-tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKING.
Mrs. C. Hawley, Milton, Fashionable Dress Maker, and teacher of Bright's unrivalled system of fitting by measure, in the speediest, most stylish and perfect manner. Dresses, Polonaise and all ladies' and misses' garments, invites a call from all wishing to learn the diagram, or to have cutting and fitting of suits done as well as in Philadelphia, and at moderate rates. Suits made to order. Call, third door above Mrs. Brobst's store, Main street, below Railroad, west end.
Oct. 11, 1872.—2m. MRS. L. HAWLEY MILTON.

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.1'71—1y

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$200,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Orient	500,000
Royal of Liverpool	10,000,000
Danville Mutual	5,000
Springfield	570,000
Germania, N. Y.	500,000
International N.Y.	1,050,785
Farmers' Danville	80,000
Lancaster City	247,000
Home	2,000,000

FREAS BROWN, *Agent.*
may24'71—1y. BLOOMSBURG Pa.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE
THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!
Designed especially for the use of families, and sales who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for woolens and fancy work. TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.
We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address,
HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
nov. 10,'71-1y. Bath, Me.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stogy boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, boy's heavy stogy shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boy's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short loots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Jan 1'71

THE ORANGEVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
of the most Approved Patterns.
Mill Gearing,
Jobbing,
and Castings
of all descriptions.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise, Lumber, &c., &c.
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
We would announce to the public in general that we have taken the well known Agricultural Works of this place and shall make it our aim to manufacture First Class Agricultural Implements equal to any other makers in the State, such as
Threshing Machines,
Both Lever and Trend Power.
Plows of every Description,
among which will be the celebrated
KNOB MOUNTAIN HERO,
acknowledged by all to be the best plow extant for the farmer. Also the
Champion, Sterns' Patent and The Montrose.
ALSO, DOUBLE CORN PLOWS,
Cultivators,
Iron Kettles,
and Castings
of every description. We shall use none but the best materials and employ none but competent and experienced mechanics and our prices will compare favorably with any other manufacturers.
Country Produce, Lumber, Old Iron, taken in exchange. We also have a store in connection with our Agricultural Works, where may be found a full assortment of MERCHANDISE which will be sold at small profits. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we guarantee satisfaction.
may24'72-1y.

Hotels.

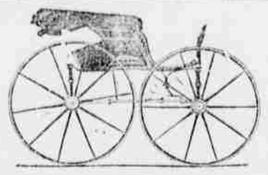
THE ESPY HOTEL,
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Espy, Pa.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. Main St. below Market.

WHITE STAR LINE
CARRYING THE
UNITED STATES MAIL
BETWEEN
New York, Cork and Liverpool.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAMSHIPS,
OCEANIC, REPUBLIC, BALTIC, CELTIC, GERMANIC, BRITTANIC, ADRIATIC, ATLANTIC,
Sailing from New York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way. From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.
Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivalled, combining
SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.
Saloons, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt.
Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.
RATES—Saloon, $80 gold. Steerage, $30 currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33 currency.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburgh, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.
Drafts from £1 upwards,
For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's Offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York.
jan. 12, 1872. J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

THE MAMMOTH GROCERY!
J. H. MAIZE,
Main st., corner of Centre, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Has an extensive stock of
FINE FAMILY GROCERIES,
which he offers to the public at the very lowest
CASH PRICES.
His goods are the best in the market, and are sold at rates so low that he cannot sell on credit. His plan is to have first class goods and sell for cash.
FOR CASH AND CASH ONLY.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 11th, 1872.

TO INVESTORS.
To those who have funds to invest in large or small amounts, or who wish to increase their income from means already invested in other less profitable securities, we recommend, after full investigation, the Seven-Thirty Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company.—Bearing seven and three-tenths per cent gold interest (equal now to 8½ currency,) and sold at par, they yield an income considerably more than one-third greater than U. S. 5-20's. They are Coupon and Registered, the lowest denomination being $100, the highest $10,000.
Nearly one-third of the Main Line of the Road will be completed and in operation with a large business the present season. All the property and rights of the Company, including a most valuable Land Grant, averaging about 21,000 acres per mile of road are pledged as security for the first mortgage bonds now offered.
All marketable stocks and bonds are received in exchange at current prices. Descriptive pamphlets and maps, showing Route of road, Connections, Tributary Country, &c., will be furnished on application.
JAY COOKE & CO.,
New York, Philadelphia and Washington,
Financial Agents N. P. R. R.
Bonds for sale in Bloomsburg by the First National Bank, and Bloomsburg Banking Company.
Oct. 18, 1872—1w.



CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every description of Wagons both
PLAIN AND FANCY
warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of
SLEIGHS
of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.
An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country. jan 1'71

THE BEST, CHEAPEST,
AND
MOST DURABLE PAINTS
now in use are the
Montour Slate Paints.
They cover one-third more surface, last longer and cost less than White Lead, the place of which they are very generally taking where economy, durability and neatness are desired.
Hear what our Practical Painters says:
It gives me great pleasure to recommend your Slate Paints—as supplying a need we have long felt, and overcoming a great difficulty, which has long been acknowledged by all practical Painters, namely the oxidation of White Lead, by the atmosphere, causing it to crumble or chalk off.
I am satisfied they will paint one-third more surface and in a better manner than any other pigment I have ever used.
GEO. C. GOULD.
Kingston, June 25, 1872.
We cheerfully concur in the above opinion expressed by Mr. Geo. C. Gould.
B. H. VANNATTA,
A. W. MONROE,
B. F. HICKS,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST, AND SAMPLE CARD.
PREHER, BEAY & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers,
sept. 6,'72-3m. Rupert, Pa.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved Curamb & Wood Pump. Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Lamp or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price-List.
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r, 56 Commerce St., Philada. Pa

DR. CARPENTER.
136 MULBERRY STREET,
NEWARK, N. J.
Is now treating successfully,
Consumption, Bronchitis,
and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, with COMPOUND MEDICATED INHALATIONS, CONCENTRATED FOOD, AND COUGH SYRUP.
During the past ten years Dr. Carpenter has treated and cured thousands of cases of the above named diseases, and has now in his possession certificates of cures from every part of the country. The Inhalation is breathed directly into the lungs, soothing and healing over all inflamed surfaces, entering into the blood, it imparts vitality as it permeates to every part of the system. The sensation is not unpleasant and the first inhalation often gives very decided relief, particularly when there is much difficulty of breathing. Under the influence of my remedies, the cough soon grows easier, the night sweats cease, the hectic flush vanishes, and with improving digestion the patient rapidly gains strength, and health is again within his grasp.
The Concentrated Food rapidly builds up the most debilitated patient, presenting to the stomach food all ready to be assimilated and made into good, rich healthy blood.
The Cough Syrup is to be taken at night to alleviate the cough and enable the patient to obtain sleep. *Full directions accompany each box of my remedies, which consist of*
One Inhaler; One Bottle o Alterative Inhalant; One Bottle of Soothing Febrifuge Inhalant; One Bottle of Anti Hemorrhagic Inhalant;
One Bottle Concentrated Food;
One Bottle to Cough Syrup.
Price of Box containing remedies to last one month, $10; two months, $15; three months, $25 Sent to any address C. O. D. Pamphlets containing large list of patients cured sent free. Letters of inquiry must contain one dollar to insure answer. Address
A. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Newark, N. J.
Dr. CARPENTER'S CATARRH REMEDY will give immediate relief, and will effect a permanent cure in from one to three months. Price of remedy to last one month, $5; two months, $8; three months, $10.
CANCER in all its forms successfully treated. Send for list of patients cured, to
A. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Newark, N. J.
July 26 1y

AGENTS LOOK HERE! GREAT RUSH
For the New Splendidly Illustrated Edition of
ROBINSON CRUSOE,
Because it is the most fascinating and popular book in print, and excels all in real elegance and low price. Just out. 528 pages, United pages only $2 50 easy worth $5.00. It is a Great Hit, sells quick and fast. Terms of this and our new Domestic Bibles, for the most complete superbly illustrated and fast-selling edition extant, also, the "Pocket Companion," worth $10 to any book agent, sent free. Write at once, stating where you saw this, to HUBBARD BROS.,
sept. 25-tf Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Phila

Poetical.

A SECRET.

It is your secret and mine love!
Ah me! how the dreary rain,
With a slow persistence all day long,
Dripped on the window pane!
The chamber was weird with shadows,
And dark with the deepening gloom,
Where you in your royal womanhood
Lay waiting for the tomb!

They had robed you all in white, love,
In your hair was a single rose;
A marble rose it might well have been,
In its cold and still repose!
O, paler than yonder carven saint,
And calm as the angels are,
You seemed so near me, my beloved,
Yet were, alas, so far!

I do not know if I wept, love,
But my soul rose up and said:
"My heart shall speak unto her heart,
Though here she is lying—dead!
I will give her a last love-token
That shall be to her a sign
In the dark grave—or beyond it!—
Of this deathless love of mine."

So I sought me a little scroll, love,
And thereon in eager haste,
Lest another's eye should read them,
Some mystic words I traced.
Then close in your clasped fingers,
Close in your waxen hand,
I placed the scroll as an amulet,
Sure you would understand!

The secret is yours and mine, love!
Only we two may know
What word shone clear in the darkness
Of your grave so green and low.
But if, when we meet hereafter,
In the dawn of a fairer day,
You whisper those mystical words, love,
It is all I would have to say!

—*The Aldine.*

Miscellaneous.

IMPORTANT RAILROAD SUIT.

DECISION OF JUDGE HARDING.

The Wilkes-Barre and Philadelphia Railroad Company
v.
The Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre Railroad Co., the Susquehanna Coal Co., Simon P. Kase, and Jos. E. Stickney.

In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Luzerne, sitting in Equity.
No. October T. 1872.

Rule to show cause why special injunction shall not be dissolved.

[Judge Harding after reviewing the history of the case at some length, proceeded as follows:]

In disposing of the matter now, it is not necessary, nor would it be either proper or possible for me to go into the general merits of the controversy existing between these rival corporations. That can only be done after final hearing upon bill, answer and evidence. All that is immediately requisite may be summed up in the inquiry, Have the plaintiffs exhibited to us such a clear statutory right to the line of the railroad as set out in the bill, accompanied by such a showing of facts indicating on the part of the defendants, not only a present, but a contemplated future and permanent invasion thereof, as should induce a chancellor, under the established rules governing Chancery Practice, to discharge this rule?

We put the inquiry in this form, and shall discuss it in this order; because, practically, and in effect, the case stands now in the same position as though no special injunction had been issued. In other words, it may be considered as an application *de novo* on the part of the plaintiffs for a special injunction.

The plaintiffs, in the first place, proffer an act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An Act to Incorporate the Wilkes-Barre and Philadelphia Railroad Company," approved April 4th, 1863.

By the terms of this act, there was granted to the corporation "the right to build and construct a railroad from a point on the line of the road of the Little Schuylkill Navigation Railroad and Coal Company, and connecting therewith, at or near the junction of the East Branch of the Little Schuylkill river; thence up the said stream, and down the Black, or Nescopec creek to the coal basin, known as the Wyoming coal field, and terminating at or near the town of Wilkes-Barre, in the county of Luzerne, or by such other route as may be deemed practicable;" and also the right "to lay out and construct branch railroads, not exceeding ten miles in length, and to connect with other railroads;" prohibiting, however the corporation from constructing "their railroad, or any portion thereof, upon any route" before that time granted to any other company whose location had been made, and the construction commenced, in good faith, within nine months from the passage of the act.

The act of incorporation further provided, that the road should be commenced within ten years from the date of the grant.

By a supplement, approved April 17th, 1866, the corporation was authorized "to connect their railroad with the Philadelphia and Erie railroad, at or near Northumberland, or Sunbury, or at such point as their engineers may select, so as to form a continuous line of railroad, of uniform gauge, from the Wyoming coal field to the harbor of Erie, by the best practicable route, and may also make connections with any other railroad, or railroads, now authorized, or constructed, leading to or forming part of a line of railroad leading to the city of Philadelphia; and for the said purposes may cross any other railroad or railroads, at grade;" and so much of the original act as required the company "to commence their road at any point on that of the Little Schuylkill Navigation Railroad and Coal Company," and further designated the route of the road, was repealed.

It will hardly be questioned that this act of assembly together with the supplement, gave to the plaintiffs, *prima facie*, the right to locate a railroad on the line now in controversy. True, the legislation is exceeding general in its terms, being totally destitute of anything like speciality, or definiteness as to location, except as between given *termini*. This, however, is by no means an anomaly in *modern* legislative grants, particularly to railroad companies; on the contrary, it is the common exercise of the right of eminent domain inherent in the legislative body. Besides it must be remembered that we have not in our State the English system, which requires the *datum* line to be surveyed and defined before the franchise is granted; nor have we the New Jersey system which requires the final location, as soon as it has been determined, to be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

Having thus seen that the plaintiffs possessed a legislative grant to locate their railroad between the *termini* mentioned in the bill, the inquiry then becomes important concerning the time and manner in which this grant was sought to be enjoyed. In other words, did they within a reasonable time enter upon the exercise of their franchise to the extent and in the manner necessary to secure its enjoyment to the exclusion of all comers?

Did they actually locate their road over the territory in controversy; and if so, *when* did they do it, and *how* did they do it?

In this connection I may say, that the location of a railroad consists in marking out the centre line thereof, and in setting stakes, or erecting such other monuments as would enable engineers and laborers to go on and construct the road; though as between rival companies where, in a proceeding like the present, the main question is priority of occupation over a given route, the first company actually upon the ground, and, in good faith, making the first survey of a centre line, and indicating and marking it by plain and proper stakes, or other sufficient monuments, even though the marks necessary to the actual construction of the road itself be omitted, will prevail against the second company subsequently seeking occupancy of the same ground, fixing a centre line, grading their road, and even expending considerable sums of money in its construction.

But to recur to the *time* and *manner* of the plaintiffs' location, as exhibited by the affidavits before us. We have seen that the Wilkes-Barre and Philadelphia Railroad Company was incorporated in April, 1863. Now the affidavit of D. J. Waller, the President of that company, sets forth that the line of their road was surveyed and determined in 1864, and that portions of the road were about that time graded; that the balance of it is already under contract, and that the plaintiffs intend forthwith and in entire good faith to complete and equip the same; that he has recently been over the route of the road as located by Mr. Coryell in 1864, and has discovered some stakes set up by the defendants indicating the line of their proposed road, and that in many places these stakes exhibit interferences with the line of the plaintiffs; that the Susquehanna Coal Company and Joseph E. Stickney, defendants also in the bill, have already laid obstructions upon a portion of the plaintiffs' route, and that they threaten to erect permanent works thereon also; and further, that the Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre Railroad Company have advertised lettings for the work to be done on their proposed route, so interfering as stated with the route of the plaintiffs.

The affidavit of Samuel G. Turner states in substance, that in 1864 he was the President of the Wilkes-Barre and Philadelphia Railroad Company, and that, acting in that capacity, and under instructions of the board of direction, he employed Martin Coryell, a competent civil engineer, to survey and locate a route for the plaintiffs' railroad; that in pursuance of that employment, Mr. Coryell surveyed, marked, staked out and located a route, commencing at the Court House, on the Public Square in this city, and running thence down along the Easterly bank of the Susquehanna, above high water mark, across and beyond the mouth of the Little Wapwallopen Creek; that he was with the engineer from time to time, all along the line, superintending and directing the survey; that a profile and draft of the location thus made was prepared by Mr. Coryell, and submitted to the company; and that the same was not only accepted and adopted by the board of direction, but that immediately afterwards, and during the following year, the grading of portions of the road was commenced, and a large sum of money expended thereon.

The affidavit of Martin Coryell, besides being corroborative of that of Mr. Turner, is more specific as to the matter of actual location. Referring to the line run across the territory in controversy, he says, that the survey was commenced on the 9th day of May, 1864, and that in July of the same year he made a report of the location to the company, accompanied by estimates of the cost of the road, a map of the proposed line, together with the field notes and such other *data* as would afford a full understanding of the matters connected with the construction and completion of the road itself. He further says, that the location was final, and as such, was accepted by the company; and with regard to its character or the manner in which the location had been made, he adds, that "it was marked by stakes regularly numbered," and that "numerous and proper monuments" were set up, making the entire line so definite that "an intelligent contractor would have had no difficulty in constructing the road on that line." He says in conclusion, that he has recently been over the line of the plaintiffs' road thus formerly located by him and his assistants, and that he discovered that the Susquehanna Coal Company and Joseph E. Stickney have commenced some work upon the same location, which is heavy in its character, and which will amount to a permanent obstruction of the plaintiffs' line if carried to completion.

The affidavits of Thomas P. Blodgett and George Pfouts, the assistants who accompanied Mr. Coryell in 1864, fully corroborate all that the latter says in relation to the distinctness and completeness for the location then made.

And further, the affidavit of John McNeish, Sr., for many years a civil engineer by profession, states that no longer ago than February last, he was employed by the North and West Branch Railroad Company to locate a line for that corporation over portions of the very ground in controversy here; and that in performing his duties, he saw at several named points, marks of the survey and location made by Mr. Coryell in 1864. Again, in March last, Mr. McNeish says the defendants—practically all those named in the bill—commenced to make and erect obstructions upon the location of 1864 at a point near the Nanticoke Dam, which, if continued, will prevent the plaintiffs from further constructing their road at all.

The affidavit of Richard C. Hughes, also a civil engineer by profession, and employed in conjunction with Mr. McNeish, by the North and West Branch Railroad Company for the purpose already indicated, is of the same general import, both as to the evidence existing of the location of 1864, and of the obstructions and interferences interposed by the defendants.

Besides, in carrying out our order of the 26th of June last, Mr. Coryell adds another affidavit, in which he details his observations in connection with the work which was then done. He says substantially, that in company with Richard C. Hughes, and other intelligent assistants, he went over so much of the original location as lies between the Outlet Lock and the mouth of the Big Wapwallopen Creek, and found thereon several of the monuments originally made by him and also several of the stakes still remaining; and further, that he found marks of a recent survey, which interfered with the original location at Solomon's Rock below the Outlet Lock, at Nanticoke, near the Eagle's Nest, and at a point near Shickshinny. He speaks also of other interferences at several different points, all of which appear and are properly designated upon the maps submitted, and are now filed in the case. While this examination was being made by Mr. Coryell and his assistants, we learn that Mr. McCaffrey, the engineer of the Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre Railroad Company, was present, and that he accompanied them over portions of the route at least, and saw them follow the original line and measure the interferences.

The additional affidavit of Richard C. Hughes upon this point has also been presented. It distinctly corroborates that of Mr. Coryell, though it is more explicit in the detail of interferences in the lines of the two roads.

Upon this showing, though not claimed to be a full exhibit by any means of the whole merits of the controversy so far as the plaintiffs are concerned, but rather urged and insisted as constituting such a state of law and of fact as will justify the interposition of the strong arm of Equity to protect them in the enjoyment of a clear chartered right upon which they were diligent to enter, and careful to distinguish, we are asked to continue the injunction heretofore granted in the case, until final hear

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Nov. 15, 1872.

The Presidential Election.

We had hoped in this issue of the COLUMBIAN to have given the official vote of the different States for President, but the returns have come in so slowly that the table has not been completed. Enough however has been received to show a disastrous defeat.—Greeley has most probably carried the states of Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri and Texas; six states having an electoral vote of 62.—All the rest, with 301 electoral votes have gone for Grant, who will have a popular majority of at least 700,000.—This, however, is not the worst defeat ever experienced by a Presidential candidate, for in 1852 Gen. Winfield Scott, the Whig candidate, carried the states of Massachusetts, Vermont, Kentucky and Tennessee, four in number, while Gen. Franklin Pierce, the Democratic candidate secured all the rest.

The utter apathy exhibited by the Democrats was the cause of our recent overthrow. In the city of Philadelphia Hartranft's enormous majority of 29,000 was increased to 45,000 for Grant, the vote falling off on the part of the Democrats more than 21,000. Columbia county gave a majority of less than 1000. We do not propose just now to discuss the point whether Mr. Greeley was a proper candidate. The returns seem to show that he was not.

The Great Conflagration.

The city of Boston has suffered a calamity almost as terrible as that which overtook Chicago, but little more than a shortage. In the space of a few hours seventy acres in the very business heart of the city were covered with the ruins of the largest and handsomest houses for business purposes, in the United States. The loss is enormous being variously estimated at from one hundred to two hundred millions. It is stated that there was some loss of life but nothing definite is given in the despatches. The burnt district was chiefly occupied by wholesale houses in the dry goods, leather, boot and shoe, and wool trades, hence there is not that amount of personal suffering among the poor to chronicle which made so horrible a part of Chicago's disaster.

In view of such fearful ravages of fire as this and Chicago and Portland it may well be a subject for serious consideration whether this age, great as it is in improvements, does not need more than all else an entirely new system for subduing conflagrations. It is apparent that with all the modern appliances of steam engines and plentiful supplies of water it is yet possible for a large portion of a city, whose buildings are called fire proof, to be destroyed in spite of the most strenuous exertions of her citizens to stay the flames. The most massive and well constructed buildings exposed to a certain degree of heat have been proved to be not proof against fire. The heat evolved from the burning houses was so great as to drive the firemen from their posts and the rarefied air created so fierce a current as to amount almost to a gale and added ten fold fury to the flames.

Such disasters are so enormous as to defy any dispassionate contemplation on the part of those who were not actually present at the work of destruction, but imagination can paint the scene and not too vividly for truth. It is a fearful thing to contemplate, this helplessness of men with all their art and science before such a catastrophe.

It would be well for the representatives of the great business interests in the various cities of the Union, who are liable at any moment to be reduced to beggary by such calamities, to take counsel as to an effective method of extinguishing conflagrations, else there may be others like those of Boston and Chicago and Portland, to make our hearts sick with their terrors and miseries.

Valuable!

WASHINGTON, November 8.—The following dispatch has just been received at the White House:

ABINGTON, Va., November 7.—*President Grant:* Virginia casts her vote for Grant, peace and reconciliation.

(Signed) JOHN S. MOSBY."

The John S. Mosby whose name is signed to the above telegram, is the same Mosby who as marauder and guerrilla earned the reprobation of decent men during the war. For reasons of his own he has become a Grant supporter and is now a bright and shining light in that collection of Christians and statesmen to be found in the Republican party. Had he not become a howler for Grant he would have been denounced, as of old, as a scoundrel by all the papers which support his master. He is a valuable witness concerning "peace and reconciliation."

Here is another; the ex-reverend Harlan, editor of the Washington *Chronicle*, who sniffles out his belief that the re-election of Grant is due to the "special and earnest efforts of the great mass of the professing Christians of the country in favor of what they believed to be the party of peace, progress and good government."

Was ever such drivel heard before? "Professing Christians" had about as much to do with Grant's election as they had with that of the King of Dahomey. It was not that kind of people who did it, "professing" or otherwise. This holy Harlan is another valuable witness as to "peace and progress."

And behold! here is our own gory Geary, doing the pious on his own hook and thanking the Almighty "for the great privileges of American citizenship; for the untrammelled expression of opinion." Pretty fair? and so true. Following the October election, the most shameful and shameless exhibition of political fraud ever given to the people of the United States, it sounds well. With Geary himself in the Governor's chair, "counted in," not elected, it sounds well. With Cameron and Hartranft and Yerkes as leaders of the people it sounds well. We wonder if it be absolutely indispensable for a Radical office holder or seeker to introduce into his public utterances either virtuous twaddle or allusions to the Almighty who, certainly, from the looks of things, never had less to do with politics than at present!

With such political Chadbands as Mosby, Harlan and Geary to give thanks for us we ought to make the 28th of November a day of humiliation and prayer rather than of thanksgiving. This recent conjoining of politics and piety is eminently nauseating.

COLUMBIA COUNTY OFFICIAL RETURNS

NOVEMBER, 1872.

TOWNSHIPS.	GOVERNOR.		PRESIDENT.	
	Buckalew	Hartranft	Greeley	Grant
Beaver	182	10	131	11
Benton	194	49	158	56
Berwick	81	242	72	246
Bloom E Ward	222	161	148	167
Bloom W Ward	127	163	101	163
Briarcreek	152	90	125	65
Catawissa	120	263	95	211
Centre	163	76	134	69
Centralia	118	75	77	87
Conyngham N.	145	11	110	9
Conyngham S.	64	36	55	29
Fishingcreek	269	46	211	49
Franklin	50	54	36	44
Greenwood	185	157	161	140
Hemlock	140	66	120	61
Jackson	101	12	76	12
Locust	236	119	154	111
Main	168	18	93	11
Madison	166	54	137	45
Mifflin	198	46	175	48
Montour	94	43	79	50
Mount Pleasant	97	58	75	56
Orange	146	61	126	68
Pine	106	23	85	20
Roaringcreek	50	36	36	34
Scott	159	149	114	131
Sugarloaf	150	18	124	13
Total	3 826	2 110	3 001	2 009

Gen. George G. Meade.

On Monday last the mortal remains of the dead hero of Gettysburg were consigned to the grave amid the genuine sorrow and regret of his fellow citizens. The modest, unassuming soldier will henceforth take his place in history as one of the really able generals of the war. He was no political soldier, gorgeous of uniform and valiant only in despatches, but a grave, reticent, conscientious, hard working leader whose aim was success and not increase of rank, pay and emoluments. Now that he has passed away and only the legacy of his deeds is left us, men will credit him with the good he accomplished and assign him a higher place in the annals of the country than many of the wearers of shoulder straps whose speeches and political intrigues have kept them more prominently before the public.—Not only was General Meade a good soldier, but a zealous ardent, laborer for the advancement of the city of his residence, and Philadelphia will not easily fill the place of him who strove so earnestly to promote her well being and material interests.

"Take him all in all he was a man,"

an honest one, a patriot; one well worthy the sincere admiration and respect of all who can appreciate a quiet, unostentatious, courteous gentleman.

The Constitutional Convention.

Promptly at the hour of twelve on Tuesday last the constitutional convention met in the hall of the house of representatives and was called to order by Hon. F. Sordan, secretary of the commonwealth, who read the governor's proclamation containing the names of the delegates.

After calling the roll of members, Mr. Darlington, of Chester, nominated Wm. M. Meredith for president. The motion was seconded by Mr. Purviance, of Allegheny, and was unanimously adopted. The president elect was escorted to the chair by Messrs. Woodward and Darlington. Messrs. Meredith, Woodward, Darlington and Purviance were all members of the convention of 1837.

Mr. Meredith briefly returned thaks, when the business of the convention proceeded.

At the first opportunity a delegate presented resolutions of the councils of Philadelphia inviting the convention to hold its future sessions in that city. Mr. Linn Bartholomew responded with a resolution at once accepting the invitation. Various amendments and motions were put which occasioned considerable debate, but it was evident that a large majority was in favor of immediate adjournment to Philadelphia. So unseemly was the heste that Judge Woodward asked whether the delegates proposed to take up their carpet bags and move on Philadelphia immediately. At length Mr. Gowen offered a resolution that the invitation of the councils of Philadelphia be accepted and the convention meet permanently in that city after the first of January. This resolution was adopted by a large majority.

On motion the chair was authorized to appoint a committee of ten to consider and report what permanent officers are needed by the convention, when the first day's session came to its close.

THE following card, published in the New York *Tribune* will be read by the friends of that paper with great pleasure, and remove any doubts that may have been entertained as to Mr. Greeley's future course.

A Card.—The undersigned resumes the editorial ship of the *Tribune*, which he relinquished on embarking in another line of business six months ago. As heretofore, it shall be his endeavor to make this a thoroughly independent journal, treating all parties and political movements with judicial firmness and candor, but courting the favor and deprecating the wrath of no one. If he can hereafter say anything that will tend to heartily unite the whole American people on the broad platform of universal amnesty and impartial suffrage, he will gladly do so; for the present, however, he can best commend that consummation by silence and forbearance. The victors in our late struggle can hardly fail to take the whole subject of southern rights and wrongs into early and earnest consideration, and to them for the present he remits it. Since he will never again be a candidate for any office, and is not in full accord with either of the great parties which have hitherto divided the country, he will be able and will endeavor to give a wider and steadier regard to the progress of science, industry and the useful arts than a partisan journal can do. And he will not be provoked to indulgence in those bitter personalities which are the recognized bane of journalism. Sustained by a generous public, he will do his best to make the *Tribune* a power in the broader field it now contemplates, as, when human freedom was in peril, it was in the arena of political partisanship.

HORACE GREELEY.

A TEMPERANCE man declares that in the recent election more than 1,000 votes were cast in the city of Philadelphia for Mr. Chase, the temperance candidate for Governor, and not a single one was counted. But they were counted in for Hartranft, by Republican tellers and counters.

The Washington Daily Patriot, a Democratic journal, after two years of existence, suspended publication Monday.

TERRIBLE FIRE!

THE CITY OF BOSTON PARTIALLY DESTROYED.

FEARFUL DESTRUCTION!

Acres of Flame—Millions Lost!

CHICAGO REPEATED.

The fire originated in the rear end of a large five story granite building situated on the corner of Summer and Kingston streets, on Saturday evening at about 7 o'clock. This building was surmounted with a high Mansard roof, overtopping all the other buildings in the immediate vicinity. As soon as the flames began to spread through the story immediately beneath the roof, and before an engine or hose carriage had reached the ground, great volumes of flame suddenly burst out from the rear of the lower stories, and in less than twenty minutes the whole facade on Kingston street, fully one hundred feet long, became a sheet of flame, and quickly the same thing was true of the Summer street front. The heat was then so intense that it forced away the firemen, who had by this time arrived on the scene. A strong wind unfortunately arising, the flames were swept by it over Summer and Kingston streets, and despite the brave exertions of the firemen of the whole department the fire was communicated to the buildings on the opposite corner of the two streets and to the great block on the corner of Summer and Otis streets. In less than half an hour afterwards these immense buildings were all enveloped in flames that reached far above their high roofs.

By this time the wind had increased to nearly a gale, and the flames, having the entire mastery of everything, swept from story to story, from roof to roof, from block to block, and from corner to corner, driving the firemen from every vantage ground they could secure, and rendering all their exertions useless and futile. Wherever the flames reached they rapidly consumed everything of a combustible character.

Winthrop square, the very centre of the great wholesale trade of the city, embracing some of the most costly mercantile buildings ever erected in this country, and occupied by such great firms as James M. Beebe & Co., Stewart & Co., Anderson, Heath & Co., and forty or fifty others, was before ten o'clock one mass of ruins.

After repeated solicitations on the part of business men, owners of real estate, and others, Chief Engineer Damrell, just before two o'clock, gave the order to rope off the streets leading into Milk street, preparatory to blowing up the buildings on the south side of that street.

The report of buildings blown up, indicating that gunpowder was being used to stop the fire, was heard at five minutes past three o'clock, and was the most welcome sound of the night, for it betokened a fearless, honest, radical effort to save Boston from Chicago's fate. Three discharges were made in a block on Devonshire street, and these threw the building partially down, but without apparent benefit, for the flames jumped over the gap almost instantly. The building was close to the fire, and it was at once seen that unless blocks more distant were speedily prostrated, the effect would of course be simply nothing. Trains had been laid in Federal street as early as two o'clock, the street being then immediately cleared for action, but it was not until a quarter to four that the destruction of buildings in the path of the conflagration by the explosion of the gunpowder was begun in good earnest. The shocks caused the old city to tremble to its foundations.

It is impossible to enumerate in our limited space the number of valuable buildings destroyed. The Merchants Exchange and Post Office were lost.

The conflagration was got under control at about one o'clock, p. m., having in the space of fifteen hours destroyed hundreds of the costliest and most substantial warehouses in the country, and temporarily paralyzing three of the leading mercantile interests—the shoe and leather, wool and dry goods trades. It is said that there is not one wholesale shoe and leather establishment left in Boston. The wool trade has suffered in an equal degree, and the dry goods jobbing houses left are few and far between.

The new Post-office and Sub-Treasury building was for a long time exposed to the fierce flames and smoke, but was scarcely scarred. This massive fire-proof structure saved the Boston Morning Post Building, directly opposite, and helped greatly in preventing the fire from reaching State street. The Old South Church also escaped, though several times given up for lost. The costly and beautiful Transcript Building, and Currier & Trott's jewelry establishment, on the opposite corner of Milk street, were burned.

The following are the general boundaries of the conflagration: The whole length and both sides of Summer street across Federal, and nearly down to Drake's wharf, and thence in nearly a direct line to Fort Hill, along Hamilton and Battery-march to Kilby street, as far as Lindall and Central streets, and from Milk to Summer, on Washington street. Within these boundaries, an area of nearly seventy acres, every building is consumed.

The loss is now estimated at between $80,000,000 and $100,000,000, and the insurance at $10,000,000 to $12,000,000.

A good many persons were injured, and several killed.

The Ninth Regiment, with detachments from other regiments, amounting to 1,200 men was on duty for the protection of property and the preservation of order.

The terrible feature of this disaster is the enormous amount of valuable property which has been destroyed. In this respect, the fire has never been equaled, not even by the similar catastrophe at Chicago. It began in the very centre of the wholesale business section of the city, and hundreds of the finest business edifices in the country have been destroyed. In the general ruin banks and mercantile and manufacturing houses have fallen. The ground which they occupied is not less than two seventy acres in area. Thousands of clerks, working girls and workingmen are thrown out of employment; and the individual suffering is already very great. There are those who estimate the loss at $300,000,000, without making any account of individual losses but their ideas are believed to be greatly exaggerated.

It is believed that every local and many of the Insurance Companies of New England will be ruined as most of them were more or less crippled by the Chicago fire.

The conflagration was rekindled by a gas explosion early Monday morning, but the flames were checked after destroying four or five additional stores. The total number of business houses and firms burned out is stated at 930; dwelling and lodging houses, 60. Among the buildings and offices burned out were those of 21 banks, 46 insurance companies and 27 newspapers. It is estimated that 300 families are homeless.

Public meetings have been held in Philadelphia, Chicago, New York, St. Louis, Detroit, Cincinnati, Pittsburg and other cities to offer aid to the sufferers and money is subscribed in profusion.

Crumbs of Comfort.

There has been no time, until now, within the last twelve years, when the *Tribune* was not supposed to keep, for the benefit of the idle and incapable, a sort of federal employment agency, established to get places under government for those who were indisposed to work for their living. Any man who had ever voted the republican ticket believed that it was the duty and the privilege of the editor of this paper to get him a place in the custom house. Every red-nosed politician who had cheated at the caucus and fought at the polls, looked to the editor of the *Tribune* to secure his appointment as gauger, or as army chaplain, or as minister to France. Every campaign orator came upon us after the battle was over for a recommendation as secretary of the treasury or the loan of a half a dollar. If one of our party had an interest pending at Washington the editor of the *Tribune* was telegraphed in frantic haste to come to the capitol, save this bill, crush that one, promote one project or stop another. He was to be everybody's friend, with nothing to do but to take care of other folks' business, sign papers, write letters, and ask favors for them, and to get no thanks for it either. Four-fifths of these people were sent away without what they wanted, only to become straightway abusive enemies; it was the worry of life to try to gratify one demand in a dozen for the other fifth.

The man with two wooden legs congratulated himself that he could never be troubled with cold feet. It is a source of profound satisfaction to us that office seekers will keep aloof from a defeated candidate who has not influence enough at Washington or Albany to get a sweeper appointed under the sergeant-at-arms, or a deputy sub-assistant temporary clerk into the paste pot section of the folding room. At last we shall be let alone to mind our own affairs and manage our own newspaper, without being called aside every hour to help lazy people whom we don't know and to spend our strength in efforts that only benefit people who don't deserve assistance. At last we shall keep our office clear of blatherskites and political beggars, and go about our daily work with the satisfaction of knowing that not the most credulous of place hunters will suspect us of having any credit with the appointing powers. That is one of the results of Tuesday's election for which we own ourselves profoundly grateful. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

How Sam Josephs Helped Republican Members of the Legislature to Make Money.

It is well-known at Harrisburg that a Ring is formed at the commencement of each session of the Legislature, for the express purpose of extracting money from corporations and persons desiring special legislation. This thing has been going on for ten or twelve years. The Ring is not confined to one party, though it has mostly been made up of Republicans. A few profligate and mercenary Democrats have annually joined it, and Mr. Samuel Josephs has been one of the leading spirits of the rascally organization. It has been difficult to secure such positive information as would enable the transactions of the Ring to be exposed as they deserved to be, but its operations were seen and felt at each succeeding session of the Legislature. Whenever some scheme like the Nine Million Steal, or Pete Herdle's boom bill was under consideration, the Ring acted as a unit, selling the votes of its members for a larger price than could have been secured if they had negotiated for bribes singly. In many cases Sam Josephs acted as the authorized spokesman of the Ring, and became treasurer of moneys paid for the votes of its members. More than once he has called the roll of his confederates in iniquity at the close of a legislative session, and has given to each member of the Ring a check for his "divvy" in the different transactions.

A little jar between E. J. Keenan, formerly editor of the Greensburg *Democrat*, and Jas. R. McAfee, editor of the Greensburg *Herald*, has led to some interesting revelations. Mr. McAfee, who was a clerk of the State Senate last winter, made some charge against Mr. Keenan which the latter disposes of very speedily and effectually, and then pays his respects to his assailant. Among other things he produces a letter from Samuel Josephs, which was written in reply to a note sent inclosing some article which had been inserted in McAfee's paper, to rebut certain rumors in relation to his connection with Josephs and the Legislatative Ring when McAfee was a member of the lower house. Here is what the Treasurer of the Legislative Ring says over his own signature:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Harrisburg, Pa., Mar 4th, 1871.
E. J. KEENAN, Esq.,

Dear Sir: Yours of 4th inst., enclosing published article, received.

I have only to say that almost every Republican, particularly Messrs. Fulton and McMullen, were anxious that the Resolution should pass, provided that the Ayes and Nays were not called.

I was placed in the chair with that understanding, and warmly congratulated by the two members referred to, for my prompt and unbiased decision which gave them an opportunity to get their trunks away from the Hotels. If they had any desire to put themselves on the Record, they had every opportunity to do so by making a motion to reconsider, which they could have done any time inside of six days.

Inasmuch as that would deprive them of the small sum of four hundred and seventy-five dollars they did not think it proper or wise to do so. On the whole, they were delighted at the able decision of the chair.

In the language of Josephs, McAfee having served me he knows how the old things works. He has been there.

Truly yours,
SAM'L JOSEPHS.

It comes with a very bad grace from my old friend McAfee, WHO I HAVE PAID MANY A DOLLAR TO FOR HIS VOTE.

Do with this as you please. S. J.

The above letter not only shows up the corruption of our legislature in its true light, but it unmasks one of those who took great pains to conceal his connection with this gang of plunderers.—As Josephs has just been re elected to the legislature by the withdrawal of the regular Republican candidate and the concentration of Republican votes upon him, he will no doubt be continued in the profitable position of Treasurer of the Legislative Ring. Doubtless other opportunities will be presented for preventing the calling of the ayes and nays when paying bills are to be put through for the benefit of the Ring, and we may expect to see Mr. Josephs called to the chair during the coming session.

One thing must and will be done. Mr. Josephs must be summarily expelled from the caucus of Democratic members if he dare to enter the room where it is being held. The above letter furnishes sufficient ground for such action even if he had not played the traitor at the recent State election. He is not fit to be recognized as a member of the Democratic party, and no Democratic member of the legislature can associate with him on terms of equality without being suspected.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

NEWS

The town of Palazzolo, near the City of Brescia, in Italy, a town of over 4,000 inhabitants, was visited by a violent hurricane of Tuesday of last week. Half of the buildings in the town were destroyed, thirty two persons were killed by the falling walls and timbers, and 1,000 families made homeless.

Pittsburg is just beginning to suffer from the disease among the horses. Already business is being seriously interfered with, it being impossible to secure enough teams for transportation purposes.

A human body, "found in two barrels," floating in the river at Boston, has been identified as that of Abijah Ellis, of No. 10 Dover street, in that city. Circumstances indicate that he was murdered, but there is no clue to the murderer.

A severe storm passed over Pottsville and its vicinity on Thursday night of last week. The extensive trestle work of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, at Heckscherville, was demolished.

It is rumored that General O. O. Howard will be promoted to the Major-Generalship made vacant by the death of General Meade, and immediately retired with the full grade of Major-General. His retirement will still leave a vacancy in the list of Major-Generals, which, it is thought, will be filled by the promotion of General Terry or General Canby.

At Baltimore, Thursday evening of last week just as the polls were closing on a special election to fill a vacancy in Councils in the Sixth Ward, an indiscriminate firing of pistols took place, in which one young man was killed and another was mortally wounded. The firing is alleged to have been entirely unprovoked and to have proceeded from a crowd of men, mostly colored, who were passing at the time.

It is understood that at the approaching session of congress a bill will be introduced especially providing for the retirement of Chief Justice Chase. In addition to the fact that he has not been ten years on the bench, he is not of the age required by the act of Congress which retires on full pay the judges of the supreme court. On account of his health the Chief Justice is anxious to withdraw, but would of course like to do so on full pay. It has long been understood that Hon. David K. Cartter, of Ohio, will succeed Chase.

A great fire is reported in London, England, which broke out on Sunday night and consumed the City Flour Mills valued at $500,000. One fireman was killed and several wounded.

At Newton, Kan., Friday last, Justice Holliday was shot dead by a desperado named Michael Fitzpatrick. Marshal Johnson attempted to arrest Fitzpatrick, when the latter drew a revolver and defied him. Johnson shot the outlaw dead.

A terrible accident occurred at a coal mine near the village of Monceaux, in the Department of Somerset-Loire, France. As usual, the cause of the disaster is due to an explosion of fire-damp, and the result is the death of thirty-eight miners.

The funeral of the late General Meade, which took place on Monday last in Philadelphia was one of the most imposing and impressive ever seen in this country. The whole city seemed to turn out spontaneously to join the nation in mourning over the hero. After the ceremonies in St. Mark's Church the procession commenced moving and took nearly an hour to pass any given point. All the national, State, and city officials contended who should do most honor to the deceased. President Grant rode in an open carriage, and Generals Sherman, Sheridan, and other army officers appeared in full uniform.

The notorious female brokers of New York Victoria Woodhull and Tennie C. Claflin were arrested on Saturday and locked up, on the charge of sending obscene literature (their newspaper) through the mails. There are said to be a number of warrants out for their arrest for libel.

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrator, &c., of the estate of Jonathan Keller, deceased, late of the township of Conyngham, in said county, will offer at sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, 1872,

1 o'clock in the afternoon, three certain lots of ground in Montana city, in the township of Conyngham, Columbia county, each lot containing twenty-five feet front, by one hundred and forty feet in depth, bounded by lot of A. W. Creasner on the south, Leiby street on the west, H. S. Marr, on the north and on the east by an alley, on two of which there are erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house. Late the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Conyngham and county aforesaid.

WILLIAM GOODMAN, Administrator.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. Possession given on April 1st, 1873.

Purchaser to pay for deed.

R. H. RINGLER, Clerk.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 8th, 1872.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the court of Common Pleas and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 2d day of December, 1872, at one o'clock, p. m., the following properties to wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Conyngham township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at the centre of the turn of the north abutment of the bridge of the New York and Middle coal field railroad and Coal Company which crosses the public road leading from the town of Ashland to the Head of Catawissa, thence north 65 degrees, west 4 feet, thence north 8 degrees, west 360 feet, thence north eighty-two (82) degrees east 4 feet, thence north twenty-nine and one-half degrees, west 426 feet, thence north 82 degrees, east 4 feet, thence south 8 degrees, east 420 feet, thence north 80½ degrees, west 224 feet to the place of beginning.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Leiby.

ALSO:

All that piece or parcel of land situated in Beaver township, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the west, south and east by lands of Peter Knecht, containing FIFTY ACRES more or less on which are erected a log house and barn with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Culp.

ALSO:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of Adam Mensch, on the east by an alley, on the south by land of Reinwald & Kline, and on the west by Front Run street, the same being twenty five feet in front, by one hundred and forty feet in depth more or less; whereon are erected a two story Farm Dwelling House and Carpenter shop. Also, the interest of the said defendant in two other lots situated in the borough aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the east by an alley, on the south by Railroad Avenue and on the west by Locust Avenue, the same being fifty feet in front by one hundred and forty feet in depth more or less.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Rodolph Hech.

ALSO:

All that real estate situated in Mifflin township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the east by lands of John Shreck, on the north by lands of Abraham Schwenpenneser, west by lands of Charles Mowry, north by a public road leading from the Mifflin road to Nescopeck, on which are erected a Dwelling House and Barn, with other out buildings, said tract containing seventy-five acres be the same more or less. Also one other tract or lot, piece of land situated in the County, State and township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows. On the north by land of Eleazar Swingle, south by land of the said Isaac Hendershot, west by land of Abraham Schwenpenheiser, north by John Waters east by a public road leading from Mainville to Mifflin containing Five Acres be the same more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John R. Yohe.

ALSO:

All that lot or piece of land situate in the town of Espy, Scott township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the East, by lot of William Hause, a frame stable and other out buildings, on the North by Main street, said lot being thirty feet in front and one hundred and eighty feet deep, on which are erected a story and a half frame dwelling house with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Leiby.

ALSO:

All that piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Columbia, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the west, south and east by lands of Jacob Hartline and on the north and east by lands of Peter Knecht, containing FIFTY ACRES more or less on which are erected a log house and barn with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Culp.

ALSO:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of Adam Mensch, on the east by an alley, on the south by land of Reinwald & Kline, and on the west by Front Run street, the same being twenty five feet in front, by one hundred and forty feet in depth more or less; whereon are erected a two story Farm Dwelling House and Carpentership. Also, the interest of the said defendant in two other lots situated in the borough aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the east by an alley, on the south by Railroad Avenue and on the west by Locust Avenue, the same being fifty feet in front by one hundred and forty feet in depth more or less.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Rodolph Hech.

ALSO:

All that real estate situated in Mifflin township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the east by lands of John Shreck, on the north by lands of Abraham Schwenpenneser, west by lands of Charles Mowry, north by a public road leading from the Mifflin road to Nescopeck, on which are erected a Dwelling House and Barn, with other out buildings, said tract containing seventy-five acres be the same more or less. Also one other tract or lot, piece of land situated in the County, State and township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows. On the north by land of Eleazar Swingle, south by land of the said Isaac Hendershot, west by land of Abraham Schwenpenheiser, north by John Waters east by a public road leading from Mainville to Mifflin containing Five Acres be the same more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John R. Yohe.

ALSO:

All that lot or piece of land situate in the town of Espy, Scott township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the East, by lot of William Hause, a frame stable and other out buildings, on the North by Main street, said lot being thirty feet in front and one hundred and eighty feet deep, on which are erected a story and a half frame dwelling house with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Leiby.

ALSO:

the following described real estate situate in the township of Columbia, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, to wit: lot No. 1, situate in the town of Espy, whereon are erected a two-story brick dwelling house, a two-story frame store house, a frame stable and other out buildings, bounded as follows, to wit: being on the North side of Main Street, on the East by lot No. 3, on the South by an alley, on the West by lot No. 3. Also, one other lot situate on the North side of Main Street of said town, bounded on the East by lot of Samuel Drake, on the North by an alley, on the West by lot of Regina Worman, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out buildings. Also, the undivided one-half part of the following described brick yard land, bounded on the South by land of Mary E. Reighart, Edward Acnenbach and Wesley Ruckle, on the East by land of J. J. Robbins, on the North by the same and West Market street, containing two acres more or less. Also one other piece in said town on the east side of Market Street, bounded on the South by an alley, on the West by land of Robert Ent, and on the North by land of J. J. Robbins, containing one acre, more or less. Also one other lot No. 81 on the South side of said Third Street of said town, bounded on the West by lot of Jacob Mussman, on the South by an alley, on the East by lot No. 85 owned by Robert Enst, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house. Also the undivided one-half part of the eastern one-half part of lot No. 11 on the North side of Main Street of said town, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, a frame stable and other out buildings. Also, one piece of land situate in the town of Mifflinville in the township of Mifflin, in said county, bounded on the West by Second street and North Water Street, on the East by land of Susan Barger, and on the South by Second Street, containing six lots each sixty-six feet and fourteen rods deep be the same more or less, whereon are erected a dwelling house and stable. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Reese J. Millard. Also, lot No. 91, situate in Espy, Columbia county, on the South side of Second Street a joining lot of Christman and Garrison on the East, alley on the South, and lot of James Fowler on the West, whereon are erected a two story dwelling house and out buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of N. S. Tingley.

ALSO:

the following described real estate to wit: situate in Scott township in the town of Espy, adjoining land of Alfred Hakeman on the E. st, an alley on the North, land of George F. Unangst on the West, and public road on the South, containing about one-third of an acre more or less, whereon is erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Clark Creveling.

ALSO:

a certain tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, containing forty-nine acres, more or less, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the North by land of Sylvester Albertson, on the East by land of Amatra Albertson, on the South by land of John G. Moore, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house and frame stable with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joel R. Albertson.

AARON SMITH, Sheriff.

Nov. 15, 1872.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the times."—"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

Harper's Weekly.

SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its articles are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1873.

Terms:

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year.....$4 00

An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $3 00 each, in one remittance; or, six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Sixteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $3 00 per vol., cost at expense of purchaser.

The postage on HARPER'S WEEKLY is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* post office. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of taste and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Transcript.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates and hints freely, to the prudent matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to *paterfamilias* by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1873.

Terms:

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year.....$4 00.

An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $3 00 each, in one remittance; or, SIX Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The five volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each.

The postage on HARPER'S BAZAR is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* post-office. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

STRAY.

Came to the premises of the subscriber on or about the first of October last, a

WHITE SOW;

will weigh 130 pounds. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away or she will be sold according to law.

HUDOLPH SHUMAN.

Mainville, Nov. 15th-3t.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

Harper's Magazine.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

The character which this *Magazine* possesses for variety, enterprise, artistic wealth, and literary culture that has kept pace with, if it has not led the times, should cause its conductors to regard it with justifiable complacency. It also entitles them to a great claim upon the public gratitude. The *Magazine* has done good and not evil all the days of its life.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1873.

Terms.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year.....$4 00

An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $3 00 each, in one remittance; or, SIX Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BA

THE COLUMBIAN

Friday, Nov. 15, 1872.

FRANK COOLEY,
ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	9:52 A. M.	4:57 P. M.
Accommodation	3:30 A. M.	11:05 P. M.
Express	6:06 P. M.	9:32 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
4:08 P. M.	10:14 A. M.

LOCAL.

Rev. J. H. Grier, of Jersey Shore, has married 597 couples during his ministry, and he expects to add a few to the list this winter.

In some localities in the State, where it is known many temperance men live, the temperance ticket for State officers did not receive a vote at the late election.

A humorous friend of ours in town in speaking of the great fire in Boston asks "If the "Hub" is destroyed what is to become of us folloes?"

John M. Clark has taken the office formerly occupied by his father R. F. Clark Esq. and will follow therein the profession of the law.

Michael F. Eyerly Esq. has entered the Law Office of John G. Freeze Esq. in Brower's building where he will be happy to see his friends.

The newspapers of neighboring counties complain of a scarcity of potatoes. We have not heard any complaints from our farmers and imagine the crop to be nearly if not quite up to the average.

We have received the first number of the *Osceola Reveille*, a newspaper published at Osceola, Clearfield Co. by Brisbin Bros. It is a well printed sheet of seven columns and the selections of this first number are very good.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company offer $10,000 and a life pass over all their lines to any one that will impart information leading to the arrest of the parties implicated in tearing up the track at Garrett's Siding, on the main line of the road, about three weeks since.

John Sullivan, proprietor of the Dushore Hotel, in Dushore, Sullivan county, planted, at the usual seeding time last Spring, a single potatoe in his garden of ordinary soil. A week or two since he dug them up, and found that it had produced 544 potatoes, weighing 195 pounds—or, in other words, just three bushels and a peck.

During the furious gale of Thursday night of last week the recently erected roof timbers of the new hotel building were for the most part blown down. They have been rebuilt however. We are informed that several good sized trees were uprooted by the force of the gale.

A R. R. accident occurred on Thursday of last week between Scranton and Wilkes-Barre, in which a woman was killed and quite a number of persons injured. Among the latter we were sorry to see the name of J. B Segoert of Philadelphia, who is well known to many of our readers. We have not learned how seriously he was injured.

Last Sunday evening quite a crowd of boys collected at the corner of Market and Third Streets, waiting it is presumed for the services to conclude in the Methodist Church. It would be more sensible if these young gentlemen were to wait inside of the Church; it would look better and be far more convenient to those who wish to use the pavement in passing. Constable Woodward should look after this.

We call the attention of our readers to the opinion of Judge Harding in the important rail road suit to be found on our first page. As we stated in last week's Columbian this suit affects the interests of our N. & W. Branch R. R. being the upper end of the road. It merits perusal.

Since the 1st of November, when the Reading R. R. took charge of the Catawissa road the New York papers have been received here with great irregularity, not reaching here by the usual afternoon train and sometimes not until two days after the day of publication. This causes much annoyance and we trust may be remedied without delay.

Sunday evening's sunset was one so beautiful as to merit remembrance. The whole heavens from the east to the west were illumined by the most exquisite colors, varying from brilliant orange to regal purple. Such a gorgeous flood of brilliant coloring we have seldom, if ever, seen equalled. It was by odds the finest of this year.

Should the horse disease which has broken out in town become general, it may render necessary the blowing out of the furnaces as it will be impossible to furnish ore, coal or limestone for daily use. The Irondale furnace especially would find it difficult to get coal and limestone from the L. & B. R. R. We trust that no necessity will arise to compel blowing out.

A number of the scholars of the Primary Department of the Normal School gave an exhibition at Cadman's Hall on Saturday afternoon last the price of admission being fixed at the absurdly small sum of two cents. The exercises consisted of dialogues, declamations and singing and were most creditably performed. The average age of the scholars was about ten years. There was a good audience and the low price of admission alone prevented a pecuniary success.

Harper's Monthly still maintains its high position in the ranks of the Magazines. Its ability is now unquestioned, whilst its proprietors seem determined to make it even superior to what it has been. The illustrations to the leading articles are a marked feature in this Magazine and add interest to the merit of the articles themselves. There need be no doubt in the mind of any one as to the value of *Harper's*. It is more than worth the subscription price. Published by Harper Bros. New York.

Our town clock is the most comical bit of machinery that we know of. The time it keeps is peculiarly its own, not governed by any railroad or other hours, and its changes from fast to slow are as amusing as the transformations in a pantomime. The fact that it is fifteen or twenty minutes fast one day is no criterion that it will not be that much slow the next.

An exchange offers so simple a preventive to lamp explosions that we gladly mention it; "Fill your lamps in the morning." There are hundreds of persons burned to death or frightfully injured every year by the lamps filled whilst burning. "Fill your lamps in the morning" and no such accidents will occur.

Apples can be purchased for four cents per bushel in some parts of Illinois, and several editors have purchased half a bushel for winter use.

That is the style of abuse with which editors have to contend. People not only don't pay them but revile them because they have to buy apples at the above absurd rates. Fathers! read and ponder. If you have boys growing up whose predilictions are for the editorial chair, strangle them or start them in some other business.

Hollow Eye.—The little ones did not *impulge* much in the abominable practice of ringing and *and* pounding at the doors last week. We *ar* glad that *reaso* is again assuming its sway, and hope ere *ancelor hollow*, eve comes round, this provoking nuisance will be entirely done away with.

The above choice collection of errors we clip from the *Republican* of last week. In an article of eight lines there are just eight mistakes, which we have italicized. If Beckley does not look a little more sharply after his proof reading his paper will scarcely be a safe one to place in the hands of children and young people.

From various parts of the State reports reach us of the plundering of sneak thieves who enter dwellings on all sorts of pretexts and carry off whatever they can lay their hands on. We have not heard of any in our immediate vicinity but there is no knowing when they may make their appearance. We advise our readers to look well to their door fastenings and to leave nothing portable where these nuisances can reach it. "Forewarned" should be "forearmed."

Many persons are troubled in accounting for those wonderful celestial phenomena the Northern Lights. It is rather a difficult matter to explain and we are glad to be able to lay before our readers a simple yet comprehensive definition of the whole matter, to this effect;

"The molecules of which the aurora is composed are stratified by a peculiar action of the particles on each other, causing the waves of vibration to elongate elliptically, and to contract on their own orbits laterally, producing a scintillating coruscation, which is in turn absorbed and then dispersed."

This we think is as clear as—mud?

The last issue of the *Bellefonte Watchman* in its list of estimated majorities for Grant puts down Columbia county for 150.

Oh! come now, that's a trifle too much. It's bad enough as it is but we managed to save the county for Greeley by about 1,000 majority and it is rather severe to hand us over to Grant. The County is Democratic *yet*, although a few more such State and National elections as this year's, may upset things to such an extent as to give us over to the Republicans. For goodness sake, Meek, change those figures or our Representative won't know who his constituents are this winter.

The *Miltonian*, a hide-bound journal of the Radical persuasion, is strongly opposed to the adoption of the Cumulative system of voting by the Constitutional Convention and calls upon that body to resist any attempt to secure it. The opposition of the *Miltonian* is not based upon any want of merit in the plan but simply and purely because its most earnest supporter is a Democrat. Such narrow minded prejudice is contemptible. We think that the Cumulative or any other plan should stand or fall on its own merits and not because of its author's political affiliations.

Terrible.—On Thursday evening a fire broke out, at the residence of Michael Sanders, in East Danville, from the explosion of a lamp. The ignited fluid being scattered, rapidly enveloped the house in flames. No time was left to save anything. But Mr. Sanders being tax collector, tried to save the papers and money belonging to the public. For this purpose he entered the burning building; but alas, he did not return. Overcome by the devouring element he sank down into the fire and was burned to a crisp. A portion of his body was afterwards recovered. An adjoining house was also consumed. This terrible calamity cast a gloom over the minds of all, for all knew and respected Mr. Sanders, as an honest upright man, and as a Christian. God comfort the stricken heart of the disconsolate widow, so suddenly and so awfully bereft of the companion, with whom she journeyed through life, from youth to old age.—*Independent.*

The Horse Disease.

The epidemic which prevails all over the country has made its appearance in our midst. It is better to acknowledge the fact at once and urge owners of horses to exercise care and watchfulness in order to save their animals. The disease appears to be of a mild form, and begins with a nasal discharge, a swelling of the glands of the throat and a cough. Contrary to its usual rule the mules have been attacked, some of the first cases being among them. There are now in this town and at Lime Ridge some eighty to a hundred cases. There may be many others between the two places of which we have not heard.

When the disease makes its appearance certain things are absolutely necessary. First, stop working the animal; when in the stable keep the body warm by clothing; give warm bran mashes and chilled water; apply an exciting embrocation on the windpipe, from the throat to the breast; in the early stages give stimulants; but when the disease advances and the pulse becomes quickened, sedative medicines will have to be given to arrest the inflammatory symptoms. Catharties and nauseating medicines should not be administered. Bleeding is dangerous and should not be practiced.

The following remedy is now used in Harrisburg, for horses affected with the prevailing disease and from appearances has the desired effect, viz:

R. Lotion for horses—4 oz. spirits of hartshorn, 2 oz. tincture of arnica, 1½ pints of alcohol. Bathe neck and under jaw. Also ten drops of aconite on tongue three times a day.

In New York and Philadelphia the following remedy has been applied with success to valuable trotting stock:

Bandage the limbs and soak with spirits. Rub the throat with turpentine. Mix a small portion of ipecac and tartar emetic with molasses; put a few drops on the tongue every half hour.

Mr. George Wilkes proprietor of the *Spirit of the Times* and an acknowledged authority on horses gives the following advice:

We think their food should be liberal—and we know it should be good; and a gentle stimulant, such as is afforded by a teaspoonful of good condition powder in a mash every other night while this complaint is about, cannot be bad. We shall venture on it. Good ventilation and protection from cold draughts are needed now more than ever. For those who have the incipient symptoms of the complaint, such as cough, running at the nostrils, and watery discharge from the eyes, absolute rest and soft food are required. Their hay should be wetted; their manger feed should be nothing but mashes; and if they will drink good oat meal gruel, so much the better. When the throat is affected which is nearly always the case, if the cough is bad, liniment well rubbed in outside has been found very useful.

General Rufus Ingalls, an army office of standing, has issued the following rules to govern the treatment of horses belonging to the Government in the Department of the East; of which he is Quartermaster:

"On the first appearance of the disease, give the horse a thorough steaming with boiled oats placed in a bag and so fastened to the head that the steam from the oats will be inhated. Repeat this until the discharge from the nostrils is free and of natural color. Then take leather, or what is better, carbolic disinfectant; in grains, like large size cannon powder, place in it a shallow pan and burn it where the horse will be obliged to breathe it.

"If the throat is sore (which generally will be the case) apply frequently hot vinegar, rubbing it well in with the hands, and wrap the throat in flannel dipped in vinegar. Sponge out the nostrils well with warm vinegar. Blanket well night and day, but not enough to produce sweating, and give plenty of fresh, clean bedding.

"Give several bran mashes, with from one-half to one ounce of powdered nitre in each, and use linseed meal or flaxseed in the oats. Use tepid water in the mash.

"The hay should be moistened with water, preferably tar water.

"Most cases, if taken in the time, will yield to the above treatment, but should the attack be very severe, accompanied with considerable fever and very sore throat, instead of the vinegar, an embrocation of equal parts of linseed oil, turpentine, tincture of cantharides and hartshorne should be rubbed in night and morning. 'Powell's embrocation' is very good. Give as a drench night and morning the following:

Spirits of nitric ether.....1 ounce.
Laudanum.....4 drachms
Nitrate of Potassa.....3 drachms
Water.....1 pint.

Mix.

"Should the horse refuse his feed, offer him frequently thin gruel, with a handful of pulverized slippery elm bark and licorice root stirred in it.

"When convalescing, exercise gently daily, and stimulate the appetite with the following ball:

Extract of gentian.....6 drachms.
Powder of ginger.....2 "

"A handful of wood ashes, mixed with a little salt, thrown into the feed trough for the horse to lick up, will be relished by him and be beneficial."

Any of the above remedies will doubtless be found to be effectual. There is one thing which is absolutely necessary for the animal and that is, *rest from work;* without this all else is useless. This should be borne in mind.

The worst feature which the disease has yet developed is the subsequent appearance of farcy and glanders, both of them highly dangerous and contagious affections and held to be almost incurable. It has become necessary to kill many animals in New York which have been attacked by these diseases. We think however that when the animal is promptly taken in hand and cured that there is little danger of the subsequent affections. The simple rules suggested by Mr. Wilkes which we have given above seem to us the most sensible, and are such as can be followed by all.

To effect a cure in any case, however, the animal must have rest. To work, means to kill.

MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

Wheat per bushel	$1 80
Rye "	90
Corn "	65
Oats "	35
Flour per barrel	11 00
Cloverseed	5 50
Flaxseed	2 40
Butter	30
Eggs	20
Tallow	10
Potatoes	40
Dried Apples	10
Hams	15
Sides and Shoulders	10
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	25 00

MARRIAGES.

KILE—HESS.—At his residence, on the 21 inst., by Rev. E. Fullmer, Mr. James Kile and Miss Mary A. Hess, all of Sugarloaf, Columbia co.

KELLEY—EVANS.—Oct. 31, by John Chamberlin, James Kelley, of Bloomsburg, to Miss Sarah E. Evans of Greenwood.

HARTMAN—BRADER.—Nov. 3d, 1872, by Rev. H. Wilson, Mr. Jacob B. Hartman and Miss Hestaria A. Brader both of Union township, Luzerne County, Pa.,

FRITZ—BAKER.—Nov. 5d, 1872, by Rev. G. M. Larned, Benjamin F. Fritz, of Sugarloaf township, and Rachel Baker of Jackson township, Columbia co., Pa.

HEISS—HENSHEL.—On the 10th inst., by the Rev. William J. Eyer, Mr. Jacob Heiss to Miss Catharine Henshel, both of Danville, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Warning has been Heeded.—Since the exposure of the attempts made by certain unscrupulous local dealers, to palm off their coarse astringents, made from cheap and impure materials, in the place of the great national tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, public opinion has set strongly against these empirics and their preparations. Their occupation is gone, or soon will be. When the light is let into deception it soon wilts down. Persons who trifle with their own health, by using unknown preparations, with no guarantee to sustain them, when an established specific, proven by twenty years experience, to be exactly what it is claimed to be, a virtue in the blood, are sure to repent their temerity. Many have done so in this instance, but it is hoped that the truth plainly spoken has arrested the evil. In the meantime the demand for the leading protective and restorative medicine of America was never so great as it has been this season. From the fever and ague districts of the west, south-west, and south, it is literally overwhelming, and it may be said of the advices from all parts of the country of the cures it is effecting in disputia, bilious complaints, and chronic constipation, that "their name is legion." Everywhere the sick and feeble seem to have realized the importance of "holding fast that which is good," and of avoiding what is spurious and dangerous."

The numerous "Bitters," under various names which mercenary dealers endeavor to substitute for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are procurable in bottles only, and never sold in bulk. nov 15-4w.

Just received at the Book Store opposite the Court House, a beautiful edition of Goldsmith's, Burn's, Scott's, Milton's and other works, only $1.50 each.

I. W. Hartman has sold over a half ton of pound calico this season; new lot just opened.

The largest variety of overshoes in town is at E. M. Knorr's.

The best lot of zephyrs, Germantown wools, real laces, black and white, slipper-patterns and other worsted work, in the county, is to be seen at the store of A. D. Webb.

When you can't get fine panned oysters a delicious fry, or a good box stew any were else in town then go to Jacoby's in Shive's Block.

The New Haven fancy slipper overshoe is the latest style, and they can be had at E. M. Knorr's.

All persons indebted to H. C. Hower are requested to call and settle, and those having accounts of over six months' standing are now notified that *without any exception*, they will be dealt with according to law at the expiration of thirty days.
Bloomsburg Nov. 12th 1872. 2w

30 sets of Furs to be opened this week at I. W. Hartman's $3,00 to $10,00.

M. P. Lutz has added to his extensive stock of dry goods a full assortment of Mme. Demorest's cut paper patterns. He has the latest style of patterns giving full directions how to make; how much material needed, and the largest and best assortment of materials for garments of all kinds in town, to be sold cheap for cash.

E. M. Knorr has overshoes from 70 cts. to $1.15.

The best men's kip boots in the country at E. M. Knorr's.

A fragrant breath and pearly teeth are easily attained, and those who fail to avail themselves of the means, should not complain when accused of gross neglect. The Sozodont will speedily eradicate the cause of a foul breath, beautifying and preserving the teeth to the oldest age.

Spalding's Glue; stickiest thing out; ready.

Boots and Shoes. Five cases of boots just received at E. M. Knorr's.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Every nervous Young Man in the Union, will receive, free, a Recipe that will prove a blessing through life, by addressing, in confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
Box 5172 P. O. 42 Cedar St., N. Y.
feb. 9, 1y.

An Essential of Loveliness.—To be entirely beautiful the hair should be abundant and lustrous. This is absolutely essential to complete loveliness. The most regular features, the most brilliant complexion and purliest teeth fail of their effect if the hair be thin, dry, or harsh. On the contrary, the plainest face if it be but surmounted by luxuriant and silken tresses, is apt to impress the beholder with a sense of actual beauty. That crowning ornament of her sex, is happily, within the reach of lovely woman, and being as discriminating as she is lovely, she long ago discovered that Lyon's Katharion was the sure means of securing it. No preparation for the Hair ever enjoyed a tithe of its popularity, and no wonder, since it produces such gratifying results. Applied to the waste and barren places of the scalp, it fructifies and enriches them with new and ample growth. It is not, of course, pretended that it will do this if the capacity for reproduction is extinct, but so long as it remains that wonderful rehabitant will assuredly propagate the germ of the hair into life and activity.
oct 15-1w

Castoria—A substitute for Castor Oil—a vegetable preparation containing neither Minerals, Morphine nor Alcohol. It is pleasant to take, does not nauseate, and operates when all other remedies fail. Dr. Pitcher has experimented fifteen years in producing a preparation more efficient than Castor Oil, without its horrid taste. The Castoria regulates the system; cures consumption, stomach ache, croup and flatulency; and by giving it, it does not distress or gripe. By its quieting, soothing effect it produces natural sleep, and is particularly adapted to crying and teething children.

We desire Physicians to test this article, and will forward three bottles gratis to the address of any one so authenticated. Insist that your druggist order it for you. Costs but 50 cents, and one bottle will save many doctor's bills.
Nov. 8th, 1872-4w.

Important Testimony!

The following letters are among the many we are constantly receiving from persons who have been cured by

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,
Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic,
AND
Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Pennsgrove, Salem County, New Jersey.
FEBRUARY 27, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of the many others who have been cured by the efficacy of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills.

Consumption has been hereditary with my family, most of its members having died of it at early ages. My mother and three sisters died at the age of 31, one brother at 27, and my sister at 13.

I was, when about 31 years, seized with liver complaint, which rapidly developed into Pulmonary Consumption. I was compelled to relinquish my employment (that of a blacksmith.)

I employed skilful and eminent physicians, and tried many patent nostrums, but without success, so that my friends were sure that there was no hope of my recovery, for I was reduced from 140 pounds to 104, and was not able to do anything without assistance.

By what I now look upon as a Providential inspiration, I was induced to try your remedies, and place myself under your treatment, and so rapid and thorough was my recovery, that it seemed as though some superhuman power was at work, and to-day I am as well as at any time during my life. I weigh 152 pounds, am 36 years old, and for some time have been regularly attending to my business, bidding fair to live to a good old age.

I am thankful to you beyond expression for having placed me in a position wherein I am a benefit instead of a burden to my family.

Your Mandrake Pills are the only medicine I ever use now. I think they are the best in the world.

I can refer you to hundreds of my neighbors who will verify all I have written, and any information any of my fellow citizens may desire will be freely and gladly given, upon receipt of stamp, by Yours, etc.

JOHN C. HEWITT.

Key West, Fla., Feb. 19, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. cor. Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Dear Sir—Please forward, per fir.t steamer, six bottles Sea Weed Tonic and twelve bottles Pulmonic Syrup.

Your medicines are o such value that I cannot be without them in my household, and in fact no family should be without them.

I have given them a fair test, and openly declare them to be even better than you claim.

Very respectfully yours, &c.
W. A. WHITEHURST.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK.

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in awarding to you this certificate of the wonderful cure your Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic produced. My throat and bronchial tubes were so highly inflamed that it was almost impossible for me to swallow my food.

I am on a visit to my uncle, Mr. Charles Johnson, No. 912 Federal street, who says your medicines raised him from almost death after all other means had failed, and he having, therefore, full confidence in the virtue of your remedies, strongly recommended me to try them. I did so, and in one week from the time I commenced taking them my throat underwent a very great change for the better, so that I could eat my meals without any difficulty or pain. I can scarcely find words to express my gratitude for the early relief your invaluable medicines produced upon me, and I deem it but an act of gratitude to give you the acknowledgement of my appreciation.

Yours respectfully,
RACHEL M. JACOBS.
No. 406 West Thirty-third street, New York.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SEA WEED TONIC,
and MANDRAKE PILLS.

These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years continually examining lungs, and knows his medicines. If properly taken, will cure Consumption. His Mandrake Pills cleanse the liver and stomach; his Sea Weed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach, and makes it digest. His Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter, and nature throws it off without any exertion.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic, $1.25 per bottle, or $7 00 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

PREPARED ONLY AND FOR SALE BY
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. Corner SIXTH and ARCH Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
And by Druggists and Dealers generally.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
602 Arch Street, Philadelphia,
Wholesale Agents.
apr 12, 1872-6y

Old Established Coal Yard

C. W. NEAL & Bro. Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Limeburners supplied at liberal rates with best quality No. 6, coal. For smith fires, in addition to a prime article of lump, we have a first class quality of Bituminous coal, at $6.25 per ton on wharf.

Large stocks of all sizes constantly on hand. Strict personal attention given to the preparation of all our coal. Grain, Lumber and Slabs taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town. Orders left at McKelvy Neal & Co's. store or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office & Yards at McKelvy & Neal's Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Agents Wanted for "Insects at Home",

700 pages; upwards of 700 cuts; 21 full page engravings. "Just the Book for intelligent rural homes." "The drawings are faithful representations of Insect and Plant." Send for Circular. Address George Brooks, 121 North Seventh St. Philadelphia. nov 1 1872-1y

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

Bookkeeping *Made Easy.* Every clerk and merchant can learn at once. Book mailed free. H. Goulding Bryant, Buffalo, N. Y.

Glitsch's Imperial Russian Mustard. Wholesale to the trade. Single cans sent, postpaid, on receipt of $1. W. Herman T. Frueauff, Reading, Pa. nov1 4w

Agents Wanted Everywhere to sell the best low-priced Corn-Sheller ever patented. Let farmers and everybody who has corn to shell send for circular to "Family Corn-Sheller Co.," Harrisburg, Pa. nov1 4w

Great Curiosity.—A $1 Magazine of the highest order for $1. Agent wanted in every town, on a perpetual income. Send 25c for Specimen to "Smith's Dollar Magazine," 51 Liberty St., N. Y. nov1 4w

1823. JUBILEE! 1873.
OF THE
NEW YORK OBSERVER
The Best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper.
$3 a Year with the JUBILEE YEAR BOOK.
SIDNEY E. MORSE & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York;
SEND FOR A SAMPLE COPY.
nov1 4w

Agents Wanted—For Harriet Beecher Stowe's campaign book, with lives of the candidates and leading men of all parties, 20 Steel Portraits. $5 to $20 a day rapidly and easily made. Write and see. Particulars free. Worthington, Dustin & Co. Hartford, Ct. nov1 4w

Agents Wanted for Coodin's
CHILD'S COMMENTATOR,
ON THE BIBLE, for the HOME CIRCLE,
1,200 pages, 250 Engravings. The best enterprise of the year for agents. Every family will have it. Nothing like it now published. For circulars address H. S. Goodspeed & Co., 37 Park Row, New York. nov1 4w

Good Country Tallow Wanted. Highest price paid for prime quality by L. M. Elkinton, Soap and Candle Manufacturer, 116 Margaretta St., Philadelphia. nov1 4w

ROSE OF CASHMERE HAIR TONIC
Is unsurpassed as a Promoter of the Growth of the Hair and Whiskers. It is neither sticky nor greasy, yet it softens and smoothes the Hair far better and more permanently than any Oil or Pomade. Used as a Hair Dressing, it produces the most beautiful and lasting glosses. Warranted perfectly harmless. Its exquisite perfume is quite unrivaled, being distilled from the world-renowned Roses of Cashmere. Price only 50 cts. Address Aschenbach & Miller 409 N. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa. nov1 4w

A GREAT EVENT!
We have decided to dispose of our immense stock of BILLIARD TABLES at prices a little above cost. First-class 5x10 New Tables, complete $230. Second-hand Tables made over new $200, $225, $250, &c. A great variety to suit all buyers. Send for Catalogue.
KAVANAGH & DECKER,
Cor. Canal & Centre Sts., New York. nov1 4w

Asthma! Upham's Asthma Cure relieves the most violent paroxysms in five minutes, and effects a speedy cure. 75 cts. a box, by mail. Circulars free. Address S. C. Upham, 25 South Eighth St., Philad., Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

HORRIBLE!
I suffered with Catarrh thirty years, and was cured by a simple remedy. Will send receipt, postage free, to all afflicted. Rev. T. J. Mead, Drawer 176, Syracuse, N. Y. nov1 4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER FRITZ, DEC'D.
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Wills of Columbia county to the undersigned upon the estate of Peter Fritz, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment and all persons who have claims against said estate to make them known to the undersigned. JOSIAH R. FRITZ,
Administrator.
Sugarloaf twp., Nov. 1st 1872-6w*.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ELIZABETH LUNGER DEC'D.
The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the Administrators of the estate of Elizabeth Lunger, deceased, will meet the parties interested at his office in the town of Bloomsburg, on Saturday, Nov. 23th, 1872, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when and where all persons interested are requested to present them to the Auditor or be forever debarred from coming in for said fund.
C. G. BARKLEY,
nov 1-w. Auditor.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the account of James Kiefer, committee of the person and estate of Daniel Gearhart, a Lunatic of the township of Roaringcreek, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county.
R. H. RINGLER,
nov 1-3w* Prothonotary.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN BRIGHT, DEC'D,
Letters testamentary on the estate of John Bright late of Fishingcreek twp., Columbia county, dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to Jacob Geisinger, of the same twp. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executor in Columbia county. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the executor without delay.
JACOB GEISINGER,
nov 1-6w.* Executor.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Columbia, the unde signed administrator &c. of Benjamin Caupp, late of the township of Locust, in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23d, 1872.

at 10 o'clo'k a. m., a certain messenge and tract of land, situate in the township of Locust aforesaid, bounded by lands of Adam Clayberger on the east, by lands of Isaac Fisher on the north, by lands of William Henninger on the west, and lands of Rasp & Caup on the south, containing

47 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a Dwelling-house, Frame and other outbuildings.

Terms of Sale.—Twenty per cent. of ⅓ of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property. One-half of the balance of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi. Purchaser to pay for deed. Possession given on the 1st day of April 1873.

PETER SWANK,
Administrator.
Numedia, Col. co., Pa., Nov 1, 1872.

CORPORATION.
Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of October, A. D., 1872, petition for the Incorporation of the Old Fellow Hall Association of Bloomsburg, was presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, which was examined and approved by the court and ordered to be filed; and that on the 30th day of said application should be published in one newspaper, published in said county, for four weeks prior to next term, at which time said Charter will be granted unless good cause be shown to the contrary.
R. H. RINGLER,
nov. 8-4w. Prothonotary.

ORDINANCE NO. 8.
An ordinance to open, widen and straighten Market street in the property of Martha Wells, and to open, widen and straighten Second street at the Forks Hotel.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the town council of the town of Bloomsburg, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same.—That Market street be opened, widened and straightened, through and along the property of Martha Wells, on the south-east corner of said Market and Third streets, in such a manner that the same shall be a public street or highway of the full width of ninety-nine feet, the centre thereof to be in the direct line from the centre stone now established in Market and Third streets, to the centre stone established in Market and Fifth streets.

Second 2. That Second street be opened, widened and straightened through and along the Forks Hotel property, and the properties on the North side of said Second street from the Episcopal Church property to the Lightstreet road, in such manner that the same shall be a public street or highway of the full width of eighty-two and one-half feet, the centre thereof to be on the direct line from the centre stone in said Second street on the east line of Iron street to the centre stone in front of the Forks Hotel thence to the centre stone in the rear of the Forks Hotel as shown on the town Map.

Section 3. That proceedings be instituted for the assessment of damages to all persons who may be injured, and contribution upon all such properties as shall be benefitted, by the opening, widening and straightening of the said Market and Second streets respectively.

Passed September 7th, 1872.
Attest, C. G. BARKLEY, E. MENDENHALL,
Secretary. President of Council.
Bloomsburg, Pa., October 31st., 1872.

COURT PROCLAMATION.
Whereas, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Iram Derr and Isaac S. Monroe Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-two, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 2d day of December next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 2d day of December with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 8th day of Nov., in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two and in the ninety fifth year of the Independence of the United States of America. AARON SMITH,
Bloomsburg, Nov. 8th, 1872. Sheriff.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1872.

Beaver—Jonathan Hauck, Jacob Harr jgar.
Benton—Eli Mendenhall Jr.
Briarcreek—George M. Hower.
Catawissa—James C. Reeder, John D. Quick, Matuias Hartman.
Centre—Adam Hill.
Fishingcreek—Samuel Shives, A. W. Patterson.
Franklin—James Huber, William Stoker.
Greenwood—George W. Unger, Diemer Davis.
Jackson—John F. Derr, Jacob Rants.
Madison—Theodore Runyan, Oscar Correll, Wm. Masteller, Daniel Smith.
Montour—Lewis Rohn.
Pine—Asher Fullmer.
Sugarloaf—C. L. Moore, Ezra Stephens.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1872.

FIRST WEEK.

Beaver—Samuel Fisher, Jr.
Benton—A. A. Kline, Jonas Raute, Richard Stiles.
Bloom—Evan C. Jones, Michael Walter, Charles A. Moyer, O. A. Jacoby, Thomas Gunton, Harry Farnwalt.
Briarcreek—Emmor Dietterick, Thomas Adams.
Catawissa—Caspar Rinwin, Samuel Long, Jr., Isaiah John.
Centre—Hiram Whitemire.
Fishingcreek—Ben. M. Golder, E. J. Mellenry, Charles Kramer, Jacob Yaple.
Greenwood—John Sands Peter Girton.
Hemlock—Mathias Moore.
Jackson—Abram Knouse.
Locust—Solomon Strausser.
Madison—David Phelps, Morris E. Masters, George W. Supplee.
Mifflin—Thomas Aten, Thomas R. Hess.
Mt. Pleasant—John Wahlen.
Orange—Wm. Williams, George Ferguson.
Pine—Daniel Green.
Roaringcreek—Ephraim Liehy.
Scott—O. P. Ent.

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—Peter Schlicher, John Hindeliter, Berwick—John G. Jacoby, Henry Fowler, Samuel Pealer.
Bloom—Charles Vanderslice, John A. Funston.
Briarcreek—Thomas Miller, Henry Doak.
Catawissa—Henry Pahler, Solomon Helwig.
Centre—Fred Hagenbuch, Mordecai Millard, George Zimmerman, Jeremiah Swine, L. W. Wooley, H. A. Schweppenhaiser
Centralia—Martin Gaughen.
Fishingcreek—Mathias Eyer, Philip Appleman, William T. Emery.
Franklin—Solomon Artley.
Greenwood—Wesley Benoit, Jackson Robbs, George W. Utt.
Jackson—D. L. Everhart, Emmanuel Savage.
Locust—Isaac Dyer.
Main—William H. Utt.
Madison—Jacob Manning, Peter Wolf.
Mifflin—Isaac Lutz, John Michael Jr.
Montour—Joseph Musser.
Sugarloaf—Montgomery Cole, Alex. Hess.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENT.
The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the rules of court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Wednesday, the 6th day of November, 1872, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, unless exceptions to such confirmations are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1st. Widow of John Kreisher, late of Locust township, deceased.
2d. Widow of John Ruckle, late of Mount Pleasant township, deceased.
3d. Widow of James March, late of Centre township, deceased.
4th. Widow of James Boyles, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
5th. Widow of John Fester, late of Centre township, deceased.
6th. Widow of William Butler, late of Montour township, deceased.
7th. Widow of John Keim, late of Orange township, deceased.
8th. Widow of John Uren, late of Catawissa township, deceased.
9th. Widow of John C. Hartman, late of Benton township, deceased.
10. Widow of Isaac Mears, late of Locust township, deceased.

WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
Register.
Register's Office, }
Bloomsburg Nov. 1, 1872. } nov1

REGISTER'S NOTICES.
By Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 4th day of December 1872, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day:

1st. The account of William Neal, Administrator of Eliza Boyd,

Agricultural.

Hints about Farm Work for November.

Some farmers are always behind hand in doing their work, and this month frequently finds them not at all prepared for its chilling blasts.

Buildings not in good order should be repaired without delay, all foul places cleansed thoroughly, and heavily whitewashed or sprinkled with lime.

Cellars under houses should be scrupulously cleansed, and, if possible to avoid it, should never be used for storing vegetables, as they do not add to the health of the family.

Animals should be studiously protected, but only in thoroughly ventilated stables. Their food should be given four or five times during the twenty-four hours, so that none of it need be refused because it is "mussed" or soiled. Many farmers whose experience has been varied prefer this plan, thinking it more economical, and more serviceable to the animals than feeding only two or three times a day. For horses and neat stock, place lumps of rock salt in the mangers. Food must be varied to suit the kind and condition of animals. He who would prosper as a stock breeder or dairyman, cannot learn too much of the animal economy. Comfortable stables save food, and very materially assist in maintaining animals in a good condition. Cleansing the hide and frequent rubbing will promote health. It has become quite a common practice with some farmers to curry and rub down their neat stock, and we trust it may become universal.

Keep *fattening animals* on full feed, but be careful to vary the food sufficiently to cause a good appetite.

Hogs should be fed on cooked or soaked corn, or cornmeal, almost entirely towards the last days of their fattening. Throw lime and ashes, in small quantities, on the floors of the pens from time to time, and occasionally feed a little sulphur.

Young animals ought not to be made tender by too close housing—should be treated gently and with familiarity.

Steers and Colts may thus be brought to a condition that will make it a very easy task to break them into the yoke or harness.

Sheds, at least thirty feet wide, with low posts and opening into a yard on the sunny side, surrounded by buildings or a high fence, are highly approved of for sheep and young stock. They thus have an opportunity to exercise in the open air and sunlight, retiring to a well littered protection at their pleasure. Care must be used in feeding, that the weaker animals may have fair play.

Manure making should be prosecuted with the utmost vigor. As long as the weather permits, occupy every spare hour in collecting muck, pond mud, leaves, sods, ditch scrapings, and organic deposits, to be thrown under cattle, in the hog-pen, or manure-yard.—Recollect that manure is the floating capital of the farmer, and if benefit is to be derived from its use, care must be taken that it does not *float* off literally. Devote study and thought to this part of your farming, but do not spare the *muscle*, for much can be made by a proper manipulation and commingling of materials.

Top *dressing* may be pursued as suggested last month, and the hints there given as to *ditches, drains* and *drainage*, should be heeded as far as possible during this month.

Heavy land may be plowed, provided it is not so wet as to be sticky, and we should prefer the lap furrows, that a greater amount of surface be exposed to the frosts of Winter, and the ease of filtration increased. By all means use subsoil plows in this month, if practicable, and get the coarser manures under for next year's hoed crops.

Light land, that is not wet, will be benefited by being rolled after plowing, and will be all the better if heavily mulched with coarse manure, leaves, straw, refuse hay, rushes, or any material that will keep the surface from blowing away.

Fruit should be carefully culled over, and all that is sound wiped dry, and laid away on shelves, in dark, cool rooms or dry cellars—as uniform a temperature as possible being kept up. *Cut scions* for grafting, and pack away in sawdust in a good cellar until needed. Cuttings of currants, etc., may be set as long as the ground is open and friable.

Cellars and pits for vegetables need close watching, that more protection may be given when the cold weather begins in earnest. *Plants in cold* frames should get all the sun and air they can endure. *Spinach* and other crops left out should be protected with litter thickly laid on. *All roots* should be immediately gathered and stored in pits, except that portion of the *parsnip* crop intended for Spring use, which will be better off in the ground, if standing water is not allowed on the beds. *Grape vines* should be carefully pruned—the Concord, Isabella and Catawba not as closely as the finer sorts. Some sorts in cold latitudes will need to be laid down and covered with earth for the Winter. This is also true of tender *raspberries*. *Strawberries* should be carefully covered, and no stagnant water allowed on the beds.

Feeding Horses During Winter.

A horse, most horsemen and farmers know, will eat twenty hours out of the twenty-four, if he only has something to eat; but this winter the plan must be changed, and horses must eat what they have to eat in three hours resting twenty-one. That they will be in better condition for so doing, no one will deny. And if the light hay crop the present season but teaches farmers the correct mode of feeding horses, it will give something in compensation for what it has withheld. Upon this matter let us hear the opinion of "an old stager."

Mr. W. F. Blunt of Ansen, better known to the staging fraternity of twenty years agoas "Billy Blunt," by which familiar name he is yet called—whose knowledge of the horse is second to that of few men in the State, says that with nine pounds of hay and three quarts of meal per day, he can make a horse gain in flesh all winter; not a horse that is standing still but one that is worked all the time. Weigh the hay a few times so as to take it up about three pounds at a time, shake this lightly into a tight box crib, and sprinkle thoroughly with cold water, then throw over it a quart of meal three times a day, at regular hours—Any horse put upon this fare and fed uniformly, will gain steadily, and perform an amount of work that surprises those accustomed to feed large measures of hay and grain. The present winter will be a good time to try this plan, especially as most farmers will be forced to take some such course on account of the small bulk of hay secured. The exact cost of wintering a horse under this regime can be ascertained in two minutes. It will be found to be much less than many would think.—*Maine Farmer.*

Young Folks.

A Fairy Story.

Little Clara Sheldon lived with her father and mother in a pretty cottage on the banks of the Hudson. They had a beautiful flower-garden in front of the house, filled with all kinds of flowers, such as violets, tulips, roses, etc; and every morning Clara would get up with the sun and gather a little bouquet, fresh with sparkling dew, to give to her father to carry to town with him, for he had to go to New York to attend to his business.

One beautiful morning while gathering the bouquet, she espied a large white rose, all covered with little diamond-like drops of dew. With an exclamation of delight she hastened toward it to pluck it, but just as her hand touched the stem, a tiny voice, which seemed to come from the rose, said:

"Please don't!"

Clara looked down, and saw standing on the rose the smallest being imaginable, who continued:

"Please don't pluck this rose—it is my bed!"

"Your bed!" said Clara surprised. "Who are you, beautiful little thing?"

"I am a fairy," replied the little thing, "and my name is Fragrance; and my grandmother, Mab, queen of the fairies, is angry with me, and has banished me from the fairy land; but I cannot live here. I must take one look at my dear home, although my grandmother said if I ever came back she would kill me."

"Why, what a wicked fairy she must be!" said Clara.

The little fairy only sighed, and, shaking out her pair of wings, sailed away, and was soon out of sight.

Clara went on gathering her flowers, when, thinking the dew-drops would make beautiful jewels, she took from her pocket a vial to secure them in; just then she happened to glance upward, and saw the little fairy hurrying toward her, chased by a large blue fly. As soon as the tiny thing was near it cried:

"The fly is my wicked grandmother going to kill me."

With these words she fell on a rose, panting for breath.

Clara held up the vial to ward off the fly, but it was coming so swiftly that it never heeded it, and so flew right into it. Clara clapped in the cork, and held it fast.

"What shall I do with this wicked old fly!" she asked the fairy, as soon as the little thing had somewhat recovered from its fright.

"Keep it fast in the vial," was the answer, "and do not let it out till it promises to be good."

So she placed it in her room, and went to her breakfast.

The next morning she saw in golden letters on the vial these words:

"I will be good, always good, if you will let me out?"

So she ran again to the little fairy and asked her what to do, and the answer was:

"Let her out. A fairy never broke her word." So she went and opened the vial, and out flew the fly, alighting on the window still. It rubbed it wings with its hind feet, and immediately became a beautiful fairy, and then, in a sweet voice thus addressed her:

"Because you have kept me from evil doing in my anger; and have been kind to my daughter, I give you virtue, happiness and long life. May you be the means of reforming mortals, as you have me; and may your happiness exceed that of the fairies!"

She then flew to her granddaughter and after Fragrance had thanked Clara, they flew off to fairyland. And Clara was happy, for who are not when they have made others so?.

ONE WORM DID IT.—One day I was walking with some friends through Sudbrook Park in Surrey, when Dr Ellis drew our attention to a large sycamore tree, decayed to the core.

"That fine tree," said he, "was killed by a single worm."

In answer to our inquiries, we found that about two years previously the tree was as healthy as any in the park, when a wood worm, about three inches long, was observed to be forcing its way under the bark of the trunk. It then caught the eye of a naturalist who was staying here, and he remarked, "Let the worm alone, and it will kill the tree." This seemed improbable; but it was agreed that the black-headed worm should not be disturbed.

After a time it was discovered that the worm had tunnelled its way a considerable distance under the bark, The next summer the leaves of the tree dropped off very early, and in the succeeding year it was a dead, rotten thing, and the hole made by the worm might be seen in the very heart of the once noble trunk.

"Ah!" said one who was present, "let us learn a lesson from that single tree. How many who once promised fair for usefulness in the world and the church, have been ruined *by a single sin!*"—*Child's World.*

A BEAUTIFUL INCIDENT.—A poor Arab traveling in the desert met with a spring of clear, sweet, sparkling water. Used as he was only to brackish wells, such water as this appeared to his simple mind worthy of a monarch and filling his leathern bottle from the spring, he determined to go and present it to the caliph himself!

The poor man traveled a long way before he reached the presence of his sovereign and laid his humble offering at his feet. The caliph did not despise the little gift, brought to him with so much trouble. He ordered some of the water to be poured into a cup, drank it, and thanking the Arab with a smile, ordered him to be presented with a reward. The courtiers around pressed forward, eager to taste of the wonderful water; but to the surprise of all, the caliph forbade them to touch a single drop.

After the poor Arab had quitted the royal presence with a light and joyful heart, the caliph turned to his courtiers and thus explained his conduct: "During the travels of the Arab," said he, "the water in his leathern bottle became impure and distasteful. But it was an offering of love, and as such I have received it with pleasure. But I well knew that had I suffered another to partake of it, he would not have concealed his disgust; and therefore I forbade you to touch the draught, lest the heart of the poor man should have been wounded."

Miscellaneous.

BOOTS & SHOES.

AT

E. M. KNORR'S

SPRING STYLES,

THE LATEST AND BEST.

Every variety for Men, Women and Children.

OLD STOCK

Selling at Cost to close out to make room for

NEW GOODS.

Bargains! Bargains!

CALL AND SEE.

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

At Astonishingly Low Prices.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

BERWICK, PENN A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,

FRENCH CANDIES,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS

ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS

&c., &c., &c., &c.

BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread an Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season, Your patronage is solicited.

JOHN G. JACOBY.

Berwick, Jan 1'71—tv

CONNELL & BATTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BUILDERS' AND CARRIAGE

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL AND NAILS,

Rims, Hubs and Spokes, Springs,

AXLES, and PIPE BOXES,

HORSE SHOES, and

HORSE SHOE NAILS,

CEMENT, PLASTER and SAND,

GLASS, PAINTS, PUTTY,

OILS and TURPENTINE,

Manufacturers of

TIN WARE.

Agents for

Fairbank's Scales!

PLUMBING.

STEAM and

GAS FITTING.

Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.

118 Penn Avenue,

SCRANTON, PA.

apr. 4, 1872-tf.

S. H. MILLER & SON,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES

AND

General Merchandise,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

SPRING GOODS

DAVID LOWENBERG

Invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

at his store on

Main Street, in the new block,

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, BOCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTH AND CASSIMERES,

STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS

SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS

HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,

SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

oct13'71

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

SIZE OF PELLETS.

Or Sugar-Coated, Concentrated, Root and Herbal Juice, Anti-Bilious Granules. THE "LITTLE GIANT" CATHARTIC, or Multum in Parvo Physic.

The novelty of modern Medical, Chemical and Pharmaceutical Science. No use of any longer taking the large, repulsive and nauseous pills, compound of clean, crude, and bulky ingredients, when we can by a careful application of chemical science, extract all the cathartic and other medicinal properties from the most valuable roots and herbs, and concentrate them into a minute Granule, scarcely larger than a mustard seed, that can be readily swallowed by those of the most sensitive stomachs and delicate tastes. Each little Purgative Pellet contains, in a most concentrated form, as much cathartic power as is embodied in any of the large pills found for sale in the drug stores. From their wonderful cathartic power, in proportion to their size, people who have not tried them are apt to suppose that they are harsh or drastic in effect, but such is not at all the case, the different active medicinal principles of which they are composed, being so harmonized and mutual, each by the others, as to produce a most searching and thorough, yet gentle and kindly operating cathartic.

$500 Reward is hereby offered by the proprietor of these Pellets, to any chemist, who can detect in them any form of mercury or any other mineral poison.

Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using them. They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet or occupation. For Jaundice, Headache, Constipation, Impure Blood, Pain in the Shoulders, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious attacks, Pain in region of the Kidneys, Internal Fever, Bloated feeling after Meals, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Sick Stomach, Rush of Blood to the Head, Costiveness, Colored Urine, Unseemly Eruptions, Gloomy Forebodings, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In recommendation of the remedial power of his Purgative Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it is but proper to state that their action upon the human system is universal, not a claim or theory escaping their searching influence. Nor does not impair tone; but invigorates and strengthens. Being enclosed in glass bottles, hermetically sealed, they will keep for any length of time, in any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable, which is not the case with the pills found in the drug-stores, put up in cheap wood or paste-board boxes. Recollect that for all diseases where a Laxative, Alterative or Purgative is indicated, these little Pellets will give the most perfect satisfaction to all who use them.

They are sold by all enterprising Druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

Do not allow any druggist to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good as my Pellets because he makes a larger profit on it, or can be recommended. If your druggist cannot supply them, enclose 25 cents and inclose them by letter, mail free to

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,

INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER,

INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS,

CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS,

SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,

PALPITATION OF THE HEART,

HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA,

CATARRH, INFLUENZA,

HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM,

COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS,

Radway's Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, or PAINS IN THE BOWELS, or any INTERNAL PAINS.

Travellers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pain from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

FEVER AND AGUE is cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

STRONG AND PURE BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES, IN QUICK, RAPID ARE THE CURES, IN THE BODY UNDERGOES, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT is a remedial agent to the blood, to repair the waste of tissues and fibres of the system like the food, for it resists the action of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Cancerous disease, Glandular disease, Tumors in the Throat, Mouth, Tubercles, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Diseases, Ulcers from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tetter, Cancers in the Womb, and all wasting and painful diseases, Rickets, Sweets, Love of Spirits, and all weaknesses and improper habits, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any one using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, instead of getting reduced by the wastes and disorganization that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new matter from the food taken, the cure is certain, and this the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT does secure.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of chronic, scrofulous, constitutional, and blood diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Retention of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminous, Calculous, and Mucous Deposits, are brought under the control of this remedy, and speedily cured. Those who have become discouraged, and think they have a Stone in the Bladder, Kidneys, or Gravel, will find a powerful solvent in the RESOLVENT. Diseases of the Urinary Organs, requiring the use of a diuretic, will be speedily relieved by the RESOLVENT.

WORMS.—The only known and sure Remedy for Stomach, Seat, Pin, and Tape Worms, will be found in RADWAY'S RESOLVENT.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

BANGOR, Me., July 14, 1871.

DR. RADWAY:—I have had Ovarian Tumor in the ovaries and bowels for 12 years, and was told by my physicians that there was no help for me. I tried many things that was recommended, but nothing helped me. I was very low indeed, and thought I would try it; but had so little in it, that I only ordered one bottle to carry. I took six bottles of your RESOLVENT, and two boxes of PILLS, and two bottles of your Ready Relief, and there is not a sign of tumor to be seen or felt, and I feel better, smarter, and happier than I have for twelve years. The tumor was in the left side of the bowels, over the ovaries. I write this to you for the benefit of others. You are welcome to use this as you please.

HANNAH F. KNAPP.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

So gently natches, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness of Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the aforementioned disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

D 1872-1y

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL!!

I. W. NILES',

MUSIC WAREROOMS

have been removed to the

NEW BRICK BUILDING

OPPOSITE the EPISCOPAL CHURCH, MAIN St

Where we will keep a general assortment of

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC,

PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS,

and all KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Also MUSIC BOOKS for all INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES

AND PRICES.

THE SHOEMAKER PIANO

is the cheapest First Class Piano in the market.

Having secured the Agency of the

GEO. WOODS' RENOWNED ORGANS, for Columbia County, together with the

CELEBRATED TEMPLE ANGELIC

furnishes advantages to purchasers not found elsewhere.

STATIONARY OF ALL KINDS.

A full assortment of

SQUARE AND OVAL FRAMEES,

All styles and prices constgutly on hadd.

STEEL EGRAVINGS, CHROMOS & COLORED PRINTS, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

Call and examine. mch872-6m.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

THE BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE

AND

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

will open under the entire control of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

They have selected as Principal of the Institution

REV. JOHN HEWITT,

a gentleman whose qualifications have been fully tested and proved in other educational enterprises of a like nature; and they ask and have a right to demand for him and the Institution, the confidence and support of our own citizens, and of the friends of the enterprise and of education everywhere. In point of comfort, convenience and beauty of buildings and surroundings, no school in the State surpasses this; and we are determined it shall not be second in the kind, quality and thoroughness of its discipline and culture.

The fall and winter session of twelve weeks will begin

MONDAY, AUGUST 26TH,

and close

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20TH.

EXPENSES:

Tuition and Boarding, including washing and heat, per week, $5.00.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Tuition for day pupils, one dollar per week. In the model school, sixty cents per week. In the primary, forty cents per week. Music, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra.

Bills are payable, and must be paid promptly, one-half at the beginning and the other half at the middle of the session.

J. G. FREEZE, Secretary. L. B. RUPERT, President.

AGENTS Wanted for BUFFALO BILL'S Life and Wild Life.

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.

The remarkable adventures of the famous WHITE CHIEF and BIG WARRIOR among the Red Skins. Thrilling Accounts of Great Hunts, Hairbreadth Escapes and Terrible Contests with the big game and hostile tribes. Spirited descriptions of the habits and superstitions of that strange people, Their Sports, Legends, Traditions. How they Woo and Wed, Scalp, Doctor, Worship, &c. New, Fresh and Popular. Price Low. It is selling by the thousands with wonderful rapidity. Agents are making from $50 to $100 per week. Choice field yet vacant. Send at once for sample chapters, illustrations and particulars to A. H. HUBBARD, Publisher, jan27'71-tf. 400 Chestnut St., Phila

The Race of Time Keepers.

M. B. ALLEBACH

DEALER IN

WATCHES and JEWELRY

DANVILLE Pa.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, FRENCH CLOCKS, SWISS AND AMERICAN STEM WATCHES.

THE RENOWNED ELGIN WATCH

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINE JEWELRY, DIAMONDS &c.

Repairing promptly attended

Moyers' Column.

PUBLIC ATTENTION

IS CALLED BY

MOYER BROS,

M

To the fact that they are still pushing the Drug business with all the energy so characteristic of themselves in former times, at their old business stands in

BROWER'S BLOCK,

and at the Corner of Main and Market Streets,

O

Their stock is larger and more varied than can be found in any other establishment short of Philadelphia or New York. All of which is offered in large or small quantities at figures as low if not lower, than same goods can be purchased elsewhere. Call and examine for yourself. The wholesale department under the immediate supervision and control of the firm, comprises

Y

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &C., &C.

They keep constantly on hand from five to six different brands of White Lead, among which is

John T. Lewis & Bros., Buck Lead, White Oak, Diamond, Arctic, &c., Varnishes, Coach, Furniture, Damar, Shellac and Japan Dryer.

In colors you will find Umbers both dry and in oil, Siennas, Browns, Metallic and Vandyke, Reds Venetian, Red Lead, American and Chinese Vermillions, Blues, Yellows and Greens,

E

among which are the celebrated Versailles and Shamrock, very handsome and permanent, and especially adapted to the painting of blinds, &c. Linseed Oil, Turpentine, &c. All sizes window glass, large sizes of superior quality for pictures, a specialty. Castor oil by the gallon or dozen, Landanum, Paregoric, Bateman's drops, golden Tincture, Balsam De Maltia, Godfrey's Cordial, Essences Lemon, Peppermint, Wintergreen and Cinnamon. All the popular patent medicines of the day, among which we enumerate.

Ayres, Jaynes, Vinegar Bitters, Hostetter's, Drake's, and Hoofland's German Bitters. Pills, Wright's Jayne's, Schenck's, and all others known to the Community.

R

A large and varied assortment of Knights world renowned cooking extracts.

Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Raspberry, Strawberry, Pine Apple, Celery, Banana, &c., are offered below manufacturers prices, to country merchants. Spices, Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper, Mace, Mustard, &c., at bottom prices. ALSO, Roll and Flour Sulphur, Epsom Salts, Salt Petre, Calabra Liquorice, Gum Camphor, Borax, Assafœtida, Cattle and Horse Powders, Blue Vitriol, Extract Logwood, Castile and Laundry Soaps, Lamp Chimneys, and Lamp goods generally. Lump Chalk, Silver sand, Calcined Plaster, Rosendal Cement by the barrel or bushel.

B

The celebrated Millville Fruit Jar, acknowledged to be by far the best in the Markets, all glass, of superior material and workmanship. Consumers having once used these, will have no other.

Country Physicians will find our stock full and complete, comprising all the old staples of the Materia Medica, as well as all the latter discoveries of medical science, Quinine, Morphia and Opium always in abundance. Hance Bros. and White's pharmaceutical preparations, Fluid and Solid extracts Elixirs and Pills of the Pharmacopœa Sugar-coated, Powers and Weightman's Chemicals, and Prof. Squibb's medicines, a full stock.

R

Farmers and others will find our stock of Pure Ground Western Bone, Oil of Vitriol, Sulphate of Soda and Nitrate of Soda, of better quality and at lower prices than can be found elsewhere.

COACH AND WAGON MAKERS would do well to see our stock and inquire our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

O

Our retail and Prescription department is under the supervision of

MR. A. B. CATHCART,

who has had years of experience in the business. Able and competent assistants always in attendance. This department consists of the compounding of Physicians' prescriptions and family recipes, the putting up of Dye Stuffs, etc.,

T

the retailing of Patent Medicines and Druggist's sundries, such as Perfumery, comprising all of the most choice from our most eminent American manufacturers and the specialties of all the Foreign, French, English, German and Italian Perfumers.

H

Toilet Soaps in large variety, both Imported and Domestic.

Fine Hair, Tooth, Flesh, Clothes, Shaving & Nail Brushes. Trusses, Shoulder Braces & Supporters, Nursing Bottles, Pocket Books, Bill Books, &c., &c.

Cigars of rarest and choicest brands from 5 cts., to 25 cts., each,

E

Pipes and cigar smokers and many things impossible to enumerate here. The handsomest

SODA FOUNTAIN

in this part of the State, called the "Iceberg," from which is constantly drawn, those cool and refreshing beverages so popular with the American public, also, the medicated waters of Vichy, Saratoga and Seltzer,

R

Our Manufacturing Department, comprises all the officinal preparations of the U. S. Pharmacopœa, Tinctures, Syrups, etc.,

OIL OF GLADNESS

a specific for Croup, Burns and Scalds and one of the most valuable auxiliaries in the cure of yetter-piles, hoarseness, etc., ever known. The largely increasing sales attest its popularity as a household remedy.

S

Moyer's Tar Cough Drops a valuable remedy for coughs of long standing and incipient consumption. Flavoring extracts, Essence Jamaica Ginger, etc. To all of which we ask the attention of the general public.

The wagon will still continue to pay its stated visits to their country customers.

MOYER BROS.

May 10, 1y.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY D. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

The properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic and Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative and Anti-Bilious.

Great is Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

J. WALKER, Prop'r. R.H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., New York

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

n18-72 aug 26 3m

THE QUEEN

THE AMERICAN

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND COMPLETE SEWING MACHINE.

The first and only BUTTON-HOLE AND SEWING MACHINE combined that has made its advent in this or any other country.

The following reasons are given why this is the best.

Family Machine to Purchase.

1. Because it will do everything that any machine can do, sewing from the finest to the coarsest material, hemming, felling, cording, braiding, binding gathering and sewing on, at the same time ruffling, quilting, etc., better than any other machine.

2. Because it can work a beautiful button-hole, making as fine a pearl as by the hand.

3. Because it will embroider over the edge, making a neat and beautiful border on any garment.

4. Because it will work a beautiful eyelet hole.

5. Because it can do over-hand seaming, by which sheets, pillow cases and the like are sewed over and over.

6. Because the best mechanics pronounce it the best finished and made on the best principle of any machine manufactured.—It has no springs to break; nothing to get out of order.

7. Because it is two machines in one. A BUTTON-HOLE, MONOGRAMING and SEWING MACHINE combined.

No other Machine can accomplish the kind of sewing stated in Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Parties using a family sewing machine want a WHOLE MACHINE, one with all the improvements.

It is to last a LIFETIME, and therefore one is wanted that will do the most work, and do it the best; and this machine can do several kinds of sewing not done on ANY OTHER MACHINE, besides doing every kind that all others can do

The American or Plain Sewing Machine.

(Without the button-hole parts), does all that is done on the Combination except button-hole and over-seaming.

S. J. FAUX, Agent,

BLOOMSBURG, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

COMPANY'S WAREROOMS,

1318 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Examine them before purchasing any other Sewing Machine. n21'872-6m.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

AND

General Merchandise,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

jan26'72-tf

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SALES OF SEWING MACHINES in 1871, as reported, under oath, in 1872, to the owners of the Sewing Machine Patents, show that the

SINGER

MANUFACTURING COMPANY

LAST YEAR SOLD

181, 260 Machines,

NINETY PER CENT. OF THEM BEING FOR FAMILY USE.

THIS IS OVER

50,000

MORE SEWING MACHINES THAN WERE SOLD BY ANY OTHER COMPANY DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,

34 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE.....1026 Chestnut St,

J. A. DORIS, Agt. for.....Bloomsburg.

aug1y

AGENTS! QUICK! or you will miss choice of territory; there is a rush for it) on DIO LEWIS' last and greatest work.

OUR DIGESTION,

or, MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET.

It is by odds the most taking and saleable book in the field. It is on a vitally important subject. It is by America's most popular writer on health. It is, for the price, the largest and handsomest book ever sold by subscription. Agents, the people are eager for such a book, and will urge you to bring it to them. Write for terms, &c., free.

GEORGE MACLEAN, Publisher,

april 20, '72-tf. 733 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

Rail Roads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

Eight Trains (Daily) to and from Philadelphia and Pittsburg, Seven Trains (Daily) to and from New York, and two trains (daily) to and from Erie, (Sundays Excepted.)

ON and after Monday, Oct. 28th, 1872, the Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will depart from Harrisburg and arrive at Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburg and Erie, as follows:

EASTWARD.

Philadelphia Express leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) at 3.05 a. m., arrives at Philadelphia at 6.55 a. m., and arrives at New York at 10.03 a. m.

Fast Line leaves Harrisburg daily at 7.45 a. m